Imperfect Page

The Bismarck Tribune.

VOL. X. BISMARCK, D. T., FRIDAY JUNE 9, 1882. NO. 1.

OUTSIDE HAPPENINGS.

THE DAILY RECORD OF CRIME AND CALAMITY.

Everything in the Shape of Late and Important Telegraphic Intelligence May be Found Below.

Steele Siftings.

STEELE, D. T., June 6.—[Special.]—President Villard and other North Pacific officials stopped here yesterday on their way to Montana, attracted no doubt by the natural beauty of the country, the rich cream of the Jersey stock, and personal friendship for the proprietor of the townsite.

Dr. John Harcourt, a graduate of the university of Toronto, is about to erect a drug store, a useful innovation much needed in the town.

Messrs. Whitley & Clock are busily engaged in caring lumber for their new store. These gentlemen have an extensive business in Kansas City, but could not resist the smiles of Dakota. They are welcomed as two enterprising gentlemen.

Mr. August Manthe, a former resident of Bismarck, is putting up a 16x24 wagon factory, and has already a large number of orders.

Mrs. McGowan arrived yesterday, and is fitting up her large hotel for immediate use. Judging from the number of strangers stopping to look at it, it will be a very welcome addition to the town.

Mr. L. E. Smith's carpenter shop is nearly completed, and he will soon be ready to commence contracting.

The Nation's Law Makers.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—In the senate to-day a bill was introduced making the solicitation of political contributions from a government employe a misdemeanor. The army appropriation bill was discussed, and finally passed, the compulsory retirement clause being agreed to without a formal vote. Mr. Hale offered an amendment to the Dakota admission bill providing for the speedy collection of the existing municipal debts in the proposed new state.

In the house the election committee reported allowing Mr. Witherspoon, who contested the seat of Davidson (democrat) of Florida, to withdraw from the contest. A report was submitted on the North Pacific railway land grants recommending that there be no legislation on the subject. The general deficiency appropriation bill was considered. A resolution was adopted eulogizing the late Gen. Garfield and regretting his death.

That Big Land Scheme.

BOSTON, June 7.—The Herald's Montreal special says that the land scheme of the Duke of Manchester is now a certainty. Negotiations were closed to-day with the Canada Pacific syndicate for 500,000 acres in sections running from Brandon to the eastern boundary of British Columbia, with an interest in all townsites laid out by the railway company. The scheme is to be called the Canadian Northwest Land Company; capital $15,000,000. Half the stock is already taken in Toronto, and the remainder will be raised in London and Edinburgh—Canada, England and Scotland having each four directors on the board. The land will be paid for in Canada Pacific bonds, purchased from the Bank of Montreal.

Major Maginnis Will retire.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Delegate Maginnis confirms the statement that he declines to be a candidate for re-election to congress, but denies emphatically that he intends to move from Montana and take up his residence in Minnesota. He says that all his interests are in Montana, and that he intends to make that territory his permanent home. His reason for retiring from congress are that he wishes to give his personal attention to his mining and other industries.

The Hillsdale Boat Crew.

PHILADELPHIA, June 7.—The champion amateur four oared crew from Hillsdale, Mich., arrived this evening and were met by representatives of the Schuylkill navy. They will take a drive about the city tomorrow and at six will give an exhibition row and attend the review of the Schuylkill navy. They will be taken to Cape May, Friday, and on Saturday will sail for England.

The Cleveland Strikers.

CLEVELAND, June 6.—The situation among the strikers of Newburg is unchanged. Only about three hundred are at work to-day. No disturbances are reported, though the strikers are on hand in force. The company is determined to continue running, even at large loss, before they will give in to the union men.

Serious Accident to a St. Paul Man.

ST. PAUL, Minn., June 7.—News has reached here that Judge McGforty, of this city, was run over by the cars at White Bear Lake, having slipped while getting on a train, his legs being mangled so that amputation will be necessary. He was taken to Stillwater for treatment.

Dueling Editors.

NEW ORLEANS, June 7.—A duel was fought to-day between Major A. Burke, of the Times-Democrat, and Mr. Parker, of the Picayune. Five rounds were shot, Burke being hit in both legs, but not dangerously hurt. The trouble grew out of an article in the Picayune of June 2, under the heading, "How About the Condition of the General Fund," to which Major Burke, who is state treasurer, took exceptions.

The "Golden City" Fellows.

MEMPHIS, June 7.—In the criminal court to day the cases of Capt. S. C. McIntyre, Mate J. N. Bondinant and the colored captain of the watch of the ill-fated steamer Golden City, were called for trial, all having been indicted for manslaughter. After the examination of several witnesses for the state, the jury, under the direction of Judge Harrigan, returned a verdict of not guilty.

Villard at Miles City.

MILES CITY, June 6.—[Special.]—A special train arrived at 11 a. m., bringing President Villard and party, including General Haupt, Superintendent Taylor and others, eight in all. Mr. Villard stated that they would make the return trip from Billings in three days, but whether or not they would make Winnipeg on return trip he could not definitely state.

Again They Meet at Gettysburg.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., June 7.—The reunion of union and confederate armies upon the battle field of Gettysburg for the purpose of locating more definitely the positions of the various commands, began to-day. Special attention was given to-day to the scene of the second day's fight. A public welcome was given the veterans in the evening.

Northwestern Crops.

ST. PAUL, June 6.—Crop despatches from different portions of the northwest say the weather continues clear and cool, and all grain is doing splendidly except corn. Yesterday and to-day have been the warmest of the season, and possibly the next report will show an improvement in corn.

Trying to Nominate.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., June 7.—The democratic state convention took seven ballots to day for governor without making a nomination. The last ballot stood: O'Neil, 170; Leroy Bremer, 72; N. H. P. Dawson, 115; J. M. McLarvy, 117.

Self-Murder at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 7.—Charles J. Gummer, receiving teller of the bank of California, suicided this morning. The act is attributed to business losses. Bank officials say his accounts are all right.

The Oregon Election.

PORTLAND, Ore., June 6.—Latest election returns confirm the estimates of last night. The republicans have carried the state by their usual majority. George's friends claim his election by 2,000 majority. The legislature is probably republican.

The Tariff Commission.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—The cabinet did not come to any conclusion to-day on the subject of the tariff commission, and the matter will be again considered before the personnel of the commission can be finally determined upon.

Y. M. C. A. Secretaries.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 7.—The twelfth annual conference of secretaries of the Y. M. C. A. of America assembled this evening. Much statistical matter showing the rapid growth of the association was read. The attendance is large.

A Bank Defrauder Punished.

WINONA, June 7.—D. W. Vanderhoff acknowledged the embezzlement of $48,000 from the First National Bank of St. Paul, and was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary.

Hanlan Seriously Ill.

TORONTO, June 7.—Hanlan it is feared is dangerously ill. His physicians say even if he recovers he cannot row at Winnipeg.

How to Cook Rice.

Rice is becoming a much more popular article of food than heretofore. It is frequently substituted for potatoes at the chief meal of the day, being more nutritious and more readily digested. At its present cost it is relatively cheaper than potatoes, oatmeal or grain-grits of any kind. In preparing it only just enough cold water should be poured on to prevent the rice from burning at the bottom of the pot, which should have a close-fitting cover, and with a moderate fire the rice is steamed rather than boiled until it is nearly done; then the cover is taken off, the surplus steam and moisture allowed to escape, and the rice turns out a mass of snow-white kernels, each separate from the other, and as much superior to the dsual soggy mass, as a fine mealy potato is superior to the water-soaked article.

BARNEY CAULFIELD, who is still in Washington laboring in the interest of the admission of Dakota, has little faith in the success of the measure, because of the opposition of Mr. Hale of Maine, who bitterly opposes it on account of the action of Yankton county in the matter of bonds issued in aid of the Dakota Southern railroad. The division of Dakota was made a part of the bill for the admission of Dakota in order to gain strength for the latter proposition, and is likely to go to the wall with it, although there has been no time since the introduction of the division bill when it could not have passed as a separate bill had its friends been able to get it in a position where a vote could be had on it. It is to be feared that the interests of the people of North Dakota have been sacrificed on the one hand in the hope of gaining political advantage through the admission of a new republican state, and on the other by the disposition of Mr. Hale and those acting with him to punish the whole territory for the sins of one county. The division bill ought to be taken up and disposed of on its merits without any reference to the political wishes of anybody or the sins of a county in that portion of the territory from which North Dakota asks separation.

A Young Double Murderer.

John Tribbett, a boy fifteen years of age, was arrested at the levee Thurday morning by Sheriff Butler, of Ottertail county, Minn., and lodged in our county jail. He is charged with the murder of two men at Perham, in the county mentioned. The circumstances of the murder are given below. They were gleaned from a telegram received at the TRIBUNE office yesterday. It appears that on Monday, the 30th ult., that a surveyor who came up there from Michigan, started out about that time to survey some land located several miles from that town, and took with him a German boy named Fritz, belonging to that vicinity. While out they were joined by a lad named John Tribbett, aged fifteen, a boy of quarrelsome and bad character, who had been working in the woods during the winter. Tribbett was well known, but regarded as a worthless vagabond. On Monday Tribbett borrowed a gun from a neighbor, who shortly afterwards heard some shots, but thought nothing of it. Later Tribbett came into town with the surveyor's watch and a revolver. He sold the watch for five dollars to the city marshal. It is supposed that on the same night or Tuesday morning he left for the west, which supposition has proven well founded. On Friday the dead body of the German boy Fritz was discovered by a farmer, the head crushed in, several bullet holes in the body, and a fatal knife wound in the neck. This led to a search for the surveyor, whose body was found that evening. The young villian arrived here last Saturday evening and went under the alias of Ford. When he left the scene of the murder he had about $90, but upon arriving here he was broke, as on yesterday he pawned a revolver to John Ludwig and then proceeded to the levee, and while engaged in a conversation with the captain of the ferry boat Undine the officer rode on the steamer and captured his game. A reporter for the TRIBUNE called at the jail last evening and had an interview with the prisoner. He appeared cheerful and gave the turnkey a cigar. The writer informed him that he desired his statement of the affair with which he was charged, and upon a moments reflection replied that according to his experience statements were only made to lawyers by big men, and he thought he would imitate his seniors. But after being assured that it would not prejudice his case by claiming his innocence, he still insisted upon refusing, which in itself was a confession of guilt.

Young Tribbett, who is only fifteen years and one month old, is as villainous a specimen of a dime novel reader as one could discover in a year's hunt. He is large, coarse and brutal in appearance.

During a conversation with Geo. Thomas, the jailor, the TRIBUNE was informed by that gentleman that the murderer had confessed to him to the extent that he was not alone in the murder, that the blame was not all on him. He is evidently the one wanted.

The information that has come into the possession of the TRIBUNE regarding the boy, John Tibbitts, who was arrested in this city Monday, charged with the murder of two men at Perham, Minn., proves him to be the most brutal human fiend that ever walked the earth. At the jail Monday night he told the prisoners that had his gun not been in soak, the officer who arrested him would have gone back to Perham in a box. And while in the car Wednesday morning, by which he went east, he remarked to the conductor: "For Jesus Christ's sake, conductor, shut that door and charge an admission fee, and when we reach Fargo we'll have a bully good time." He admitted that he didn't expect to live long after reaching the scene of the murder.

A telegram to the Pioneer Press, from Perham, states that he hacked the Dutch boy, one of the two victims, in a horrible manner with an ax, giving him over twenty wounds after shooting him and cutting his throat with a knife. One or more of the ax wounds went clear through his ribs to the handle.

According to the laws of Minnesota, this young fiend can only receive a punishment of five years' imprisonment in the reform school, until he is twenty years of age. If the laws of that state are as they have been expounded here, a youth nineteen years and ten months old could commit murder in that state and be at liberty before his trial begun. If he can't be hung, he should surely be lynched, and that will probably be his fate.

The TRIBUNE judges from the paragraph which appears below, extracted from the Fargo Argus of yesterday, that the young fiend made additional statements regarding the murder to those published by the TRIBUNE Tuesday morning:

"Tibbetts says the gun with which he killed the surveyor was a double barrel, and that he hid it in a hollow tree near the place of the dastardly deed, and that one barrel is loaded, the empty one having executed the deadly deed. That Fritz was killed with the surveyor's pistol, after a close hand to hand fight, the scars of the affray yet showing plainly on the villain's hands."

THE Fargo Argus is inclined to boom Capt. J. B. Raymond for congress. The TRIBUNE believes Capt. Raymond is too good a man to be urged into a contest of this sort at this time. Southern Dakota will control the convention and will and ought to nominate a southern Dakota man. Capt. Raymond's private interests were so great that he could not afford to accept the position of United States Marshal for another term, and they are too great to justify his friends in urging him to run for delegate—a position of endless curses, but little honor, and few thanks.

An Eastern Man's Opinion.

A correspondent writing from Billings to the Pioneer Press speaks of that magic city in the following enthusiastic manner: "To a man born and reared in the east, a trip through the wonderful region I am now rapidly leaving behind me is a constant surprise. Living on the Atlantic coast I have regarded St. Paul as almost on the northwestern frontier. Reaching St. Paul, I was quite sure that Fargo, Bismarck and Miles City were only way marks leading from outer barbarism into an uninhabited land. Having gone far beyond the outermost of these places, and seen the remarkable developments far west of all present railway communication, I only now begin to feel the paucity of all my former ideas and information. A fair sample of what is to be seen at Billings, very recently an almost unknown plain, now an active, bustling town getting ready to be a beautiful city and a centre of trade and wealth. The best of it is that the people of Billings, seeing what is inevitable, are preparing to do do well now what St. Paul only begins to find she must do when to do it is a thousandfold more difficult and vastly more expensive. Municipal improvements are not only planned, but are begun. A street railway to connect the interior of the town with the river, and its outer with its inner parts is already under contract. Ample water works are now only hindered by delay in shipment of the pipe, which were at Miles City a day or two since. Two large hotels, one to cost $60,000, and to have all the best improvements, are begun. The exceptionally fine water power, estimated as of 500 horse power, is already being improved. Fine churches and schools are planned, and by the time the North Pacific shall have reached Billings, a comely and well established town will be ready for that tide of people now setting thither, and sure to make it a city of character and magnitude.

"To me such a development is really wonderful. My reports to eastern friends, before I had seen Billings and similar places, were regarded as extravagant. I fear that my fair reputation for truthfulness will be ruined when my late revelations shall reach the easy-going east."

Northwestern Notes.

Alder Gulch placer mines are yielding $5,000 worth of dust per week.

The people of Dillon, M. T., are annoyed by hungry and dead broke pilgrims.

Calamity Jane is now living on a ranch on Graveyard bottom in the Yellowstone country.

Prof. W. Egbert Smith, postmaster of Butte, has gone to the Atlantic seaboard for his health.

The Salt Lake Tribune thinks Helena will have a great boom when the North Pacific and the Utah Northern railroads reach that point.

Dave Hatfield, of Coulson, tried sending $250 through the mails in an ordinary envelope. It failed to reach its destination, and Hatfield curses Uncle Sam's agents.

The New Northwest (Deer Lodge, M. T.) of the 2d inst. says: "Twenty-six stolen horses were recovered from the Crees near Fort Walsh some days since. The Indians didn't like giving them up, and it is stated that they have since taken the war path for the purpose of getting even. Ranchmen on the Marais and Teton have been warned to look out."

A prospector in the Maginnis mineral region thinks he has found a poisonous spring in that country. He writes of the stream: "The creek we named Skull creek, on account of the great number of skulls found in and along it, having counted sixty-three in less than half a mile. The greatest number was seen in and around a boiling spring, especially below, it would indicate that in low stages the water may be poisonous. The different stages of decay preclude the idea of a slaughter of buffalo at this particular location.

JOHN F. WALLACE is doing excellent work for Dakota during his visit east. Already a number of settlers have arrived who first learned of the Missouri slope through him. He will remain at St. Paul some days yet, and perhaps take a run down to Chicago before returning.

THE Valley City Daily Times made its appearance yesterday. It is a six-column folio, contains the full Associated Press report (northwestern edition), and is as bright and lively as the most ardent lover of Barnes county could wish. Goldy West's footprints may be seen all through it. It is a credit to Valley City and to North Dakota.

Judge Hare, who has mixed the agricultural implement business with his judicial duties, says the trade in the former is fair to middling.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES.

THE TRIBUNE'S ADVICES FROM VARIOUS QUARTERS.

Exciting Murder at Rawlins, W. T.—Garibaldi's Funeral—Chicago and Pennsylvania Strikers—Starvation at Fort Sisseton.

The Keystone "Bosses."

PITTSBURG, June 8.—There are no indications as yet that the action of the manufacturers' meeting yesterday in resolving to resist granting any advance whatever over the present scale of wages will soon cause any material change in the iron situation. The ironworkers seem to have lost no confidence in their final success, notwithstanding the united stand taken by the manufacturers. The Pittsburg manufacturers are an absolute unity in their determination to resist the demand for an advance, and to combine for protection in future.

Starving Indians at Sisseton.

FT. SISSETON, D. T., June 8.—Thirty-five lodges of Indians are encamped near here, and are said to be out of food. The bucks claim to be willing to work, some of them being now engaged in transporting supplies for the government. The agent, Crissy, has given orders for them to return to the agency, but they are not willing to do this saying that there are no supplies for them there. Capt. Bennett has agreed to do all he can to get supplies and work for the Indians and is expecting orders from Gen. Terry on this question soon.

Garibaldi Buried.

MADDELENA, Italy, June 8.—The remains of Gen. Garibaldi were interred in the cemetery at Caprera this afternoon. The funeral ceremonies began at 3:45 and closed at 5 p. m., a storm of wind and rain raging the whole time. The coffin was covered with garlands and flowers and was followed by the Duke of Genoa, Signor Zanardelli, Gen. Ferrero, representatives of both chambers, and delegates from three hundred various associations.

Murder Excitement at Rawlins.

LARAMIE, Wyo., June 8.—At Rawlins, last night, Wm. McCabe shot Ed Calluson, who had threatened his life. McCabe is a government interpreter in charge of a band of Shoshone Indians who are here for supplies. The excitement was intense all night. A lynching, and possibly trouble from the Indians is feared. The act was the result of an old feud.

The Chicago Horse-Shoers.

CHICAGO, June 8.—Some trouble is anticipated because of the serious interference threatened, and in a few cases actually offered, by the striking horse-shoers with those who refuse to join the union. The union offers to pay workmen $7 a week to stop. Many of them have accepted the offer, but the employers find no difficulty in filling their places.

"Way Up" West Pointers.

WEST POINT, June 8.—The cadets of the first class have been fixed by the academic board. The first seven men are Edward Burr, Missouri; O. T. Crosby, Mississippi; Lansing H. Beach, Connecticut; G. D. Fitch, at large; E. J. Spencer, Missouri; W. H. Newcomb, at large; and Harry C. Benson, Ohio.

Heading off a Prize-Fight.

WHEELING, W. Va., June 8.—As the time is drawing near for the prize-fight between Jas. Weeden and O. Malone, of Pittsburg, the sheriff of Hancock county, this state, is taking such measures as will prevent the party from fighting in West Virginia.

The Gettysbury Veterans.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., June 8.—The veterans of the union and confederate armies completed the revision of the battle ground of the second day, and were entertained at luncheon on the battle field.

Cattle Poisoned.

OTTAWA, June 8.—Five hundred head of cattle from the west for England were turned out to grass on a farm near this city, and poisoned by eating noxious weeds. A number of them died.

Counterfeiters Brought to Grief.

OTTAWA, June 8.—Martin and Angus Sparrow, sons of the late Mayor Sparrow, were arrested to-day, charged with issuing counterfeit $10 bills on a Montreal bank.

A Village Wiped Out.

CINCINNATI, June 6.—A Memphis private despatch from Pocohontas, Arkansas, brings the news that the town is in ashes.

L. S. Metcalf, of the North American Review, has returned, agreeable to his promise some weeks ago, and is now selecting a large tract of land for stock grazing in the Missouri river valley. He has been out two days and finds a country and land to suit him.

IMPERFECT PAGE

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The Bismarck Tribune.

A FEW PLAIN FACTS.

Without being disposed to question the integrity or fitness in any respect of county or city officials at present or in the past, the TRIBUNE desires to call attention to the fact that there has been too much reason for the fear entertained by conservative business men, looking Bismarck over for investment, that the liquor dealers and sporting elements have claimed too great representation in the county and city councils.

In the election campaigns some very discreditable things have been done, and the opposition has been misrepresented in a most shameful manner through forged circulars and other means, with a view to defeating their candidates. Every possible effort has been made to unite the liquor selling and sporting elements and their friends against the other classes, and create an antagonism between them. However pleasant and profitable this may have been for those acting with the majority, it has been very unfair, and as a result there is a deep rooted bitterness in the hearts of many good people, which crops out in murmurs and in warnings to beware of Bismarck, and results in driving away many good men that would otherwise be attracted to this locality. The reason for this murmuring is not because there is official corruption; not because certain ones are in office, but because there has been an element of unfairness in caucuses and in conventions and at the polls, that has helped to color the false impression that our enemies seek to give, to our disadvantage.

Instead of making friends for Bismarck and sending people away with pleasant recollections of the city, too many have left smarting under a sense of injustice. Too many have left regarding and representing Bismarck as h—l itself. The cry of keno (now happily discontinued) was the first sound to greet the ears of too many people. The unfavorable appearance of Main street, with its old wooden structures, does not compare favorably with the magnificent brick blocks to be seen at Fargo, Valley City, Jamestown, Mandan, Glendive and Miles City. No matter if great improvement in the outskirts of the city can be shown. No matter if a flourishing business, and constant improvement and a clean record on the part of every man in office can be proven beyond a question, there is something wrong. Capital has been run off through our own fault, and until we can satisfy capital that ours is a safe point for investment, the city will not grow as it ought.

The hoodoo days are over. The bullwhacker has gone to other fields. Bismarck is no longer a gambling town, and to find big games some more frontier point must be chosen.

The elements from river and railroad, from the army and the Indian agencies, that have concentrated at Bismarck for the past ten years, never fail to give a town a good start, but it requires the development of the agricultural country tributary to a point to make of it a city. It requires manufacturing enterprises, and the investment of capital, and the confidence of capital.

From one end of the land to the other in the north or in the south, in the east or in the west, there is no point better located for the upbuilding of a great city than at Bismarck. The question now is, and it is one that ought to be met by every citizen, shall we look on and see our natural advantages go for naught, while the towns all around us are outstripping us? Or shall we encourage capital to come in and invest in brick blocks and in business?

A SIGN OF SOLID PROSPERITY.

The importance of the recent transfer of real estate to the First National bank can scarcely be comprehended. Eight years ago $800 would have been regarded a high figure for this property, and yet it has yielded to its owner since that time over nine thousand dollars in rents, and is now purchased by conservative business men, and for a bank, at $8,000—$320 per front foot, and the TRIBUNE doubts if the bank would give it up to-day for double that money.

Last fall a minister of the Gospel, of Brooklyn, New York, came to Bismarck, and, considering its location and surroundings, gained confidence in it, and proved his faith by paying ten thousand dollars for fifty foot front at the corner of Union and Third street. Rivals of Bismarck raised a great cry, and expressed much sympathy for the poor old preacher, whom they said had been taken in and robbed by Bismarck sharks. The old gentleman, however, thought $200 per month pretty good interest on ten thousand dollars, and did not seem to feel the need of sympathy. After cleaning up about a thousand dollars in rents he sold the buildings from the corner lot for about $750, and two-thirds of one of the two lots—the corner one—to the Bismarck National bank for $6,500, leaving him one full lot with a building on it renting for upwards of one hundred dollars per month, and one third of the corner lot, at a cost of about $1,750—property that would be a good bargain at $7,000. He joins with the bank, and together they will put up a three-story brick, on which work was commenced yesterday.

The First National's purchase is on the corner east of this, and directly in front of the depot, and their building, when completed, will be of great advantage to the city, noted as it will be by all who visit Bismarck. Others will follow the example set by the banks, and the change so much to be desired in the appearance of the front street will be gained.

These two transfers are made prominent because the TRIBUNE believes they mark a new era in the history of Bismarck. An era of faith—of enterprise—of improvement. It believes, now that our own people have shown their belief in Bismarck and in its future, there will be little trouble in gaining all of the capital that will be needed for building, for business and for manufacturing. Who will follow the example of the banks? Who will furnish accommodations for our extensive wholesale business?

A FEARLESS STAND.

The course taken by the TRIBUNE in speaking fearlessly of existing evils has not only attracted general attention, but has met with hearty approval from all classes of citizens.

Not only from ladies and business men have the kind words come, but particularly from the laboring men, who realize that whatever retards improvement in the city reduces their chances for securing employment and cuts the price of labor. They realize that the construction of a dozen brick blocks in Bismarck this summer would afford bread and clothing for wife and babies and give good cheer to many families.

The property-holders realize that a boom for Bismarck means a largely increased value for their homes, with pride and independence that the oppressed can never feel.

All realize that the improvement of the city will attract attention to the country. That the settlement of the country will build up the city. That to build up the city we must gain, not additional saloons and gambling halls, but manufacturing interests. We must make the city attractive for families. A thousand men employed on the river would make Bismarck "red hot" on the day of the arrival of each boat: Pay day at the Fort has a very exhilarating effect, also, but of how much greater value would be the settlement of a thousand families of men engaged in manufacturing. A thousand families of men engaged in tilling the soil; in growing wheat and cattle; in making butter and cheese and producing other necessaries of life will be worth a thousand times more to Bismarck than a perfect jam of miners, bullwhackers and negro rousters.

Schools and churches will be worth far more than palaces of sin. Other things have been demanded by the class that concentrated at Bismarck during the days when it was the terminus; when it was the outfitting point for the Black Hills; when keno and the rattling of poker chips was heard on every hand; but those days are over, and every good citizen ought to rejoice that it is so, and that a day of better things is being ushered in.

The TRIBUNE repeats there is no point in the west, or in the east, in the south or in the north, on the North Pacific or on any other railroad on the face of the earth better located than Bismarck. The site is all that could be desired. Millions would not put Fargo or Mandan in as good condition as that of Bismarck, so far as drainage is concerned. Thousands would be required to make their streets as good as nature has made those of Bismarck.

It is only necessary to make capital feel that this is a safe point for investment and encourage families to believe that here society will be protected and the best possible facilities afforded for the education of our children. Then the city will indeed begin to prosper. The day has come when this can be done. Let those abundantly able to build follow the example set by the banks, and it will not long be said that Bismarck is the only town on the line of the North Pacific that does not show signs of solid prosperity.

THE following, from the Grand Forks Herald of May 30th, will be news to Mr. Pettigrew, and the TRIBUNE republishes it simply because if it did not the world in general would never know of such an item or such a paper as the Herald: "The Bismarck TRIBUNE booms Pettigrew for congress with a persistency which would be valuable, were it not known that the boom is bought and paid for at a good deal more than advertising rates."

ARTICLES of incorporation were filed for the Davenport & Dakota railroad Wednesday, at Des Moines, Iowa, capital $8,000,000. The articles read "from Davenport, Ia., to Bismarck, Dakota." The parties at the head of the scheme are old railroad men and operators, and have plenty of means. The road will be built.

THE Banner City, which was published recently for distribution among land seekers, in speaking of the climate of Bismarck, says:

THE climate of Bismarck and its surroundings is very different from, and vastly better than that of Fargo and the country for a long distance east of it. The former is situated in the most favored part of the Upper Missouri Valley, while the latter occupies a very objectionable position in the Valley of the Red River of the North. The former great Valley is a part of the Southern or Gulf system, and the latter, a part of the Northern or Hudson Bay system.

The characteristics of these two systems are as different and marked as the difference in the direction of their drainage. The waters of the one run South and those of the other run North; these commence their thawing, and flooding the country at their sources, at the first approaches of warm weather in the spring, and as it proceeds Northward the floods impeded by the ice, increase in volume until the whole valley is submurged, while those but a short distance below remain unfrozen and navigable all winter and when warm weather and thawing proceeds North the lower portion is first freed from ice and obstruction allowing the Spring floods to escape gradually and with comparatively little damage or disaster.

To the Gulf system belongs the genial south winds, accompanied by copious showers during the growing season, and in the upper portion of the Missouri Valley the winters are greatly modified by the warm air, heated by the Japan current of warm water in the Pacific Ocean, floating eastward until obstructed by the water shed dividing or separating the two systems; while the broad expanse of low and level land which characterizes the Northern system allows the cold blasts from Hudson Bay, a region of almost perpetual ice, to flow southward, accompanied with its cold rains in summer and mountains of snow in the winter. Still it grows good wheat, but is too cold for corn.

The Missouri Valley at Bismarck has an elevation of about 900 feet greater than the Red River Valley at Fargo.

The former is rolling and picturesque, while the latter is flat and monotonous.

Their lands are equally productive of the cereals, but for Indian corn and all varieties of esculent roots, the former has a decided advantage.

For purity of water, salubrity of climate, and beauty of scenery, the former has a greater comparative elevation over the latter than that of her elevation above the sea level.

Still the latter is a wonderfully productive wheat country. But, while it is so, the former is equally productive with a thousand other equally desirable advantages.

THE earnings of the North Pacific for the month of May, 1882, were $568,332; for the corresponding month last year $312,705, a difference in favor of this year of $255,627.

THE editor of the Glendive Times says, although busy, he could do a little more job work if he had it. He had better take a scrub-brush and go to the river.

NEWS COMMENTS.

YANKTON is to have a telephone exchange. What has become of Bismarck's?

UNDER the head "Montana News" the Helena Herald says "the Mandan boom is weakening."

IT now transpires that the rape case reported a few days ago from Dover Center, Minn., was a canard, and the people of that village are highly indignant.

THE Yankton Press says that as long as north and south Dakota remain under one government southern Dakota proposes to hang on to all the political boodle.

TITUS, the man who shot and killed his companion, Edward Fagan, in Miles City about two months since, was sentenced to thirty years imprisonment by Judge Conger, last week.

IT is thought that the decision of Secretary Teller restoring the Turtle mountain lands to the public domain will not be postponed longer than the close of the present session of congress.

THE Butte Miner of the 18th ult. says: "An armed patrol was on duty last night all over the city. They mean business, and will give forcible proof of their intentions before many hours go by."

A WASHINGTON correspondent says "Mrs. Delegate Pettigrew has gone home to Sioux Falls, on account of indisposition. The energetic delegate remains to push Dakota interests as far as possible."

DISTRICT ATTORNEY CORKHILL says Warden Crocker will be Guiteau's executioner, and reports that outside talent had been secured at a fancy price to perform that function, are purely sensational, and without foundation.

PINKEYE in an aggravated form has appeared at Grand Forks. The theory is that the cold weather is a fatal circumstance. Twenty-two fatal cases are reported within a few days, and many animals are suffering from the disease.

BUTTE Inter-Mountain: "Another birth is reported on the Utah and Northern last week, while the train was going at the rate of twenty miles per hour, and it is stated that only the male passengers feel absolutely safe while passing over the line."

THE artesian well-diggers at Salem, D. T., struck a strong vein of soft water at a depth of 170 feet, which immediately filled to within seventy feet of the top, where it remains. The citizens of Salem are naturally jubilant over their good fortune.

THE Helena Herald doubts the statement of the TRIBUNE that Delegate Maginnis, at the expiration of his present term in congress, will locate in Minnesota. The Herald admits, however, that the major may return there, and eventually represent the Redwing district in congress.

THE following new postoffices were established and postmasters named appointed in Dakota territory during the month of May: Broadland, Beadle county, Cornelius Blount; Blount, Hughes county, Seth R. Price; Mardell, Griggs county, Theodore Kern.

GOV. CRITTENDEN denies that he has offered Frank James a pardon, or that he has made proposals to governors of other states asking them to join him in extending clemency to the bandit. The opinion nevertheless still prevails that negotiations are pending for James' surrender and pardon.

THE Benton Record says Geo. Sample and Ben Dexter have let a contract to N. A. Lewis for constructing a road to the Maginnis mines via the mouth of Sage creek, where it will cross the Judith river, shortening the distance from Maiden about thirty miles. The distance from Maiden to the mines by the new road is about 100 miles.

THE rumor to the effect that the military in Dakota was to be cut down, is found to be untrue. Secretary Teller proposes rather to increase the number of soldiers in the territory. He will at once move in the matter of securing the arms and ammunition now in the hands of the Indians, and thus remove all cause for apprehension of danger.

SCOUTS who have arrived at Fort Buford from the Milk river country, report that Chief Big Bear has crossed the international boundary and designs hunting on United States territory. Big Bear says he will harm no one if let alone, but if attacked, he will fight to the last. His band is the same which captured Sheriff Healy a few weeks ago.

THE property of the Waukesha Springs, in Wisconsin, has been purchased by a congressional syndicate consisting of Senators Sawyer, Windom and Jones, of Nevada; Speaker Kiefer, Representatives Page, Hazelton, Belford, Butterworth, Townsend, Guenther, Williams and Pound. Col. Rockwell, Marshal Henry, Gov. Foster, Gov. Rusk, and Ex-Gov. Smith, of Wisconsin, are also interested in the scheme.

THE Douglas county troubles do not seem to be over with yet. One night last week twenty-five armed men, who were masked, arrived at Brownsdale, overpowered its few citizens, loaded the county records into wagons and departed for parts unknown. The mob held the county treasurer in power, and upon releasing him ordered him to leave the country within ten days. The citizens of Brownsdale have appealed to Gov. Ordway for protection, and an investigation is to be made by the grand jury at the June term of court at Plankington, D. T.

GUISEPPE GARIBALDI, the eminent Italian general and statesman, whose death is reported in this morning's dispatches to the TRIBUNE, was born in Nice, July 4, 1806. His life was one of extraordinary vicissitudes. In 1830, having been banished from Italy, he arrived in New York, where he declined a public reception which was tendered him, and for a time earned a living by making candles in a Staten Island factory. Subsequently he returned to Italy, where he rendered his country invaulable service in the complications with Austria in 1859. For several years he has lived in retirement.

THE Butte Inter-Mountain says: "The track of the North Pacific is now at Guy's Bluff, eighty miles west of Miles City. Col. Clough, the division engineer, expects that the track will reach Billings in July and Benson's Landing in October. Many slides have occurred on the bluffs along the river, but a large force is employed in taking down the slopes, and everything will be made safe the present season. Surveys are in progress from Billings to Benton, and from Benson's Landing to the National Park. Grading will probably be begun on both these branches the present season."

FOR the want of anything more substantial to worry about, the pleasure-seekers of Newport are distressed because James Gordon Bennett is not to be present this season at that aristocratic resort. Bennett has long furnished the substance of the Newport summer idiocy. His costly prizes for tennis contests, his fox hurts, polo games and his yachting, have made life at Newport a round of pleasurable excitement. This season the sports will lag. First principles will be resorted to. The young man with checked pants and a hollow giggle will put up a swing for the girls, and things will drag along in primitive picnic fashion. Hence these tears.

WHEN the senate met last Friday, it was announced that President Pro Tem Davis was absent, and that he had delegated Senator Ingalls to act in his stead. Hereupon objection was made that in the event of the death of President Arthur, Ingalls as acting vice president would become chief magistrate; and that the president pro tem had no authority to make the appointment. Senator Brown then rose and explained that Judge Davis hearing that an old colored man whom he had supported for many years was lying at the point of death, had gone to see if there was anything more he could do for him. On motion of Senator Morgan, the senate adjourned till Monday.

THE North Dakota Capital in referring to the Jamestown land district speaks thus of Delegate Pettigrew: "In all of his acts as a representative Mr. Pettigrew has proven himself a man of great ability. He is a hard worker and an earnest advocate of measures affecting the interests of Dakota. While in no way neglecting his south-Dakota constituents, he has shown a spirit of fairness and a determination to represent the whole territory. O. H. Hewit, in writing from Washington about the land office matter, speaks of Mr. Pettigrew in the highest terms, and expresses great confidence in his sincerity and real earnestness. No territory has been so well represented in congress as Dakota, and it is doubtful if a delegate, possessing no vote, ever was held in the esteem that our representative is by his colleagues in the house."

A TERRIBLE affair occurred Friday evening near Chicago, being an outcome of the iron men's strike, and in consequence of which any popular sympathy for their cause which they may have had is alienated probably beyond recovery. A gang of non-union men who had been laboring in Chicago, boarded a Chicago & Alton train to go to Joliet. When a few miles out the train was stopped by strikers, who boarded it, and dragging the laborers out, kicked and beat them unmercifully. Revolvers were fired promiscuously during the melee, and a bullet from one of them took effect in the groin of Judge Pillsbury, of the Illinois appellate court, and he will probably die.

THE American Agriculturist for June says those who have a time of "making garden" in early spring, and doing up the sowing all at once, do not get the greatest good from their gardens. There are many vegetables of which the season can be greatly prolonged by making successive sowings. A striking example of this is sweet corn, which, by judicious sowing, may be had every day till frost stops its growth. In many localities the most thoroughly tropical plants, such as Lima beans, okra, and the melons do better if put in now than if sown earlier. For succession, after the first sowing put in bush beans, beets (allowing plenty to be used as beet greens), cucumbers and other pickle plants. Kohl rabi and salsify are among those that may still be sown and make a crop before frost arrives.

President Villard and Associates.

Mr. Villard and party arrived at 6 p. m. last evening. They were met at the depot by Mayor Raymond and half a dozen carriages with a number of leading citizens, and accepted an invitation to drive. They visited the greenhouses, gazed upon Bismarck from the surrounding knolls, expressed surprise at the improvement shown on the back streets and regretted that the front street did not show the life to be seen in other towns along the road. They inquired about the settlement of the country outside of Bismarck; about our schools and churches: said Bismarck had been known as one of the hardest towns on the face of the earth, when it was the terminus and supply point for the Hills, but they were glad to hear better things of it now. Mr. Villard said his German friends were much pleased with the country and had seen so many good points for investment that they scarcely knew which point to regard the best. Of course his attention was called to the fact that there is but one crossing of the Missouri river by the North Pacific and but one Bismarck bridge. They called at the real estate office of McKenzie & Holmes, and all left their autographs. They inspected the maps showing the unsold railroad lands, and seemed to appreciate the fact that twenty thousand dollars of North Pacific bonds were wiped out by the sales of land as a result of the first three days' business of this office.

Mr. Villard invited the citizens to his car, and treated all most cordially. The car is indeed elegant, and as some hotel men say, is rigged up with all modern conveniences, even bath rooms being attached to the state rooms.

His party consisted of German bankers, members of the syndicate, who are looking over the North Pacific in the interest of their patrons. Henry Winser, an old newspaper associate of Mr. Villard, now in charge of the North Pacific information bureau, accompanied the party.

After spending about an hour at Bismarck, they passed on west, and will go to the end of the track. They will see a good country, and will make a mistake if they do not catch on to North Dakota lands as well as North Pacific bonds.

Coming to Dakota.

The Hon. Cornelius Healy, a leading man of Manchester, New Hampshire, writes Ex-Mayor Hackett the following letter which plainly shows that the drift of immigration has set in for Dakota. Mr. Healy is a man of means, pluck and enterprise, and the TRIBUNE extends a hearty welcome to all who will visit the Missouri slope, as those who come to see are enchanted, and the country once seen makes a permanent settler:

AVOCA, Iowa, May 27.—DEAR SIR:—I take it for granted that you are still in Bismarck, and that these lines will find you and family, I hope, in the best of spirits. Your territory is all the rage now—formerly it was bleeding Kansas, then rich Nebraska, now it is your young and rising territory. Several parties have left here already, and more are to follow. I am tempted myself to pay you a visit some time during the summer with others of my neighbors who are going to take up land. C. HEALY.

Opening for a Store.

Of all the new towns along the line of the North Pacific the town of Clarke needs a store the worst. The country is thickly settled up and a store will pay well. The Clarke farm, with its twenty to forty men, will be a large item of itself, and the first store will also receive the postoffice, which will serve as a good advertisement. The farmers about Clarke are all well-to do, and their trade is cash. It is a splendid opening for some one, and the sooner located the better.

Stock Thieves.

Major Kauffman, Indian agent at Fort Berthold, writes that a few days ago nine head of horses and mules were stolen from the agency, and he now offers $200 reward for their recovery. The thieves have been tracked to Rising Water, a point twenty-five miles west of Berthold, where they evidently were taken across the Missouri river. There is $200 in this for some one.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

THE NORTH PACIFIC.

A FEW OF ITS ADVANTAGES ENUMERATED.

The Latest Folder Issued by General Passenger and Ticket Agent Barnes—A Fund of Information.

The Latest Folder.

General Passenger and Ticket Agent G. K. Barnes, of the North Pacific, has just issued and is sowing broadcast over the land one of the neatest and most convenient folders yet issued. It gives an abundance of information about the country and each town through which the road runs. In speaking of Bismarck, it says:

BISMARCK, DAKOTA.

Population, 2,500. Two first-class and eight second-class hotels, four churches, two banks, a public hall, daily and weekly newspaper, court house and town hall, an artesian well, and all branches of trade well represented. Products are wheat, oats and potatoes. Shipments same. Game: antelope, deer, elk, prairie chickens and duck. Four lines of steamers receiving and discharging general merchandise and supplies to and from the upper Missouri river forts, posts and landings. The Chamber of Commerce, with the push of its enterprising business men, will make Bismarck one of the most prominent points on the North Pacific. An iron bridge is being built across the Missouri at this point, costing $1,500,000, and will be finished by Oct. 1. Fort Abraham Lincoln is three miles distant, on the opposite side of the river.

ADVANTAGES OF THE ROAD.

The folder also devotes a page to the advantages of the road, and among other items enumerates the following:

Carries 150 pounds of baggage free on each full ticket.

It rates are always as low as the lowest.

Is the pioneer route to Fargo, Bismarck, the Yellowstone, Missouri river and Montana.

It runs two through express trains daily, each way.

All passenger trains are equipped with the Westinghouse air brake and Miller platform.

Its track is all steel rail, its road bed solid, which permits the greatest speed with perfect safety.

It takes you through the greatest wheat fields of America; an avenue of inexhaustible wealth.

Its entire trains run through without change, St. Paul to Bismarck.

Its line extends entirely across Minnesota and Dakota, into Montana, a distance of 820 miles from St. Paul.

It makes stage connections at Miles City for points on the Yellowstone.

It runs Pullman sleeping cars between St. Paul and Bismarck, and Duluth and Fargo; and parlor chair cars between St. Paul and Fargo.

It runs Pullman sleeping cars, and on all night trains. These sleepers are new, of the latest style, and first-class in every appointment.

It runs no emigrant trains or cars, holders of emigrant tickets being carried on regular express trains, in clean, neat second-class cars with cushioned seats.

Passengers who go over the North Pacific receive all the accommodations of modern railway travel, and are always pleased.

THE MISSOURI RIVER.

The Missouri river, in connection with the North Pacific, also receives attention, and the folder says:

The route takes you through the famous wheat fields of Minnesota and Dakota, an avenue possessing inexhaustible resources of wealth, through the metropolitan cities of St. Paul, Minneapolis, Brainerd, Fargo, Bismarck, along the romantic Missouri, with its varied and interesting scenery. This route offers unequalled opportunities for a profitable and enjoyable trip, combining comfort, economy and pleasure to all classes of travel. Any who may be going to the above points, should not lose the opportunity of seeing this grand and growing country, abounding in wild scenery, buffalo, deer, antelope, and any amount of small game.

TO SPORTSMEN.

The pamphlet gives some excellent information to sportsmen. It says:

While the sportsman cannot go amiss in finding an abundance of game and fish anywhere on the entire line of this road, there are locations in which certain varieties of either abound in greater quantities and are more easily obtained. In the limited space afforded, we would suggest as the most satisfactory places for game as follows:

For deer and bear—Brainerd, Aiken, Verndale, Wadena, Detroit, Battle Lake, Minnesota; Little Missouri, Dakota; Glendive and Miles City, Montana.

For antelope—Anywhere between Mandan, Dakota, and Miles City, Montana.

For buffalo—Little Missouri, Dakota; Glendive, Miles City and Billings, Montana.

For Elk—Bismarck, Dakota; Glendive and Miles City, Montana.

For prairie dogs—Anywhere between Mandan and Glendive.

For ducks, prairie chickens, grouse, plover, etc.—Go to any station between Little Falls, Minnesota, and Bismarck, Dakota, and they will be found in plentiful supply, especially in the lake regions of Minnesota and vicinity of Bismarck.

For, geese, brant, etc.—Jamestown, Steele and Bismarck.

For bass, pickerel, muscalonge, pike, perch, catfish—Go to Brainerd, Deerwood, Sylvan lake, Gull river, Detroit, Battle Lake, Clitherall, Lake Park, Spiritwood, Jamestown and Bismarck.

For trout and white fish—Go to Duluth.

For brook trout—Go to Miles City, Billings and west.

Taking the folder as a whole, it is by all odds the best yet published. It contains information for settlers of a valuable nature, giving the cost of fare and transportation to the different stations on the line.

Billings Still Booming.

A letter was received Saturday from one of the Billings townsite boomers which would seem to indicate that the town is still booming. The letter says: "This morning we opened the bluff addition, and thus far we have sold 498 lots. They are beautifully located for residential purposes, being on the sloping ground at the back of the town, overlooking the valley and gradually running back to the high bluffs, in the rear of the town. We have organized a street car company; all but 500 shares of the stock have been taken up here, which speaks very well for the confidence our people have in the future of the town. A library association has also been started and will be put in operation at once. Already we have forty-seven houses and as many more tents for those who cannot get lumber at present. Clark & Co.'s bank building is nearly finished as is also the printing office. The bank will be opened on the 15th. A. Harding, late of Miles City, will occupy a position in it. Tree planting is being carried on quite extensively, which will be of much benefit to the town. We have also commenced grading the streets, and every one will build in conformity to the grade. A temporary church will be erected at once, until the track reaches us and enables Mr. Billings to build a handsome edifice of substantial material. A large high school building will also be erected before fall. We have arranged to ship from here 200 car loads of cattle in September, which taken with the large amount of freight required at this point will keep things booming this fall."

Northwestern Notes.

The tailoring establishment of Simon Levine, of Helena, has been attached by the first national bank of Helena to force the payment of a debt of $1,200.

One thousand seven hundred and fifty-one ounces of fine silver were received at the U. S. assay office in Helena, on the 26th ult., from the Alta Montana mine for melting.

The Benton and St. Louis Cattle company, just incorporated at Helena, has a capital stock of $500,000. This company will graze and grow cattle in the county of Choteau.

At Phillipsburg, M. T., on the 26th ult., James Boyd, a miner well known in Butte and Deer Lodge, committed suicide by cutting his throat. The act was the result of Boyd's despair of overcoming the habit of intemperate drinking, to which he was addicted.

Pony mail service has been provided for Maiden from Overland, six miles south of Maginnis, and hereafter all mail for camps in that district will go by the new route, which makes better and quicker connection.

BISMARCK

AND

STANDING ROCK

STAGE & EXPRESS LINE.

Leaves Bismarck daily, except Sundays, at 8 a. m., arriving at Standing Rock in fifteen hours.
Leaves Standing Rock daily, except Sunday, at 4 a. m., arriving at Bismarck in fifteen hours.
For freight or passage apply to
GEO. PEOPLES & Co., Bismarck, D. T.
JNO THOMPSON & Co., Standing Rock.

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DR. S. SILSBEE'S EXTERNAL PILE REMEDY
Gives Instant Relief, and is an Infallible
CURE FOR ALL KINDS OF PILES.
Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price, $1.00 per box, *prepaid*, by mail. Samples sent *free* to Physicians and all sufferers, by Neustaedter & Co., Box 3946, New York City. Sole manufacturers of ANAKESIS
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PRICES OF LOTS

IN THE NEW TOWN OF

STEELE,

County Seat Kidder County.

Prices Good for a Short Time Only.

This new town was laid out in August last, and already over 400 lots have been sold. The reason of this is that Steele is the most important point between Jamestown and Bismarck, it being about half way between the two points, and the center of one of the best farming sections in North Dakota. It was at Steele that the largest yield of No. 1 hard wheat ever raised was harvested. Building contracts already let for the season of 1882 insures to the new town a boom unprecedented in the growth of any other town along the line of the North Pacific. The following prices of lots are good only for a short time.

$15 LOTS.

Block 7, Lots 22 and 23.
" 21, " 20 to 22 inclusive.
" 22, " 22.

$20 LOTS.

Block 1, Lots 2 to 8 inclusive.
" 1, " 17, and 18 to 23 inclusive.
" 4, " 22 and 23.
" 5, " 15 to 23 inclusive.
" 6, " 2 to 8 inclusive.
" 7, " 1 and 24.
" 8, " 3, 4,
" 9, " 20 to 23 inclusive.
" 15, " 15 to 17 inclusive.
" 21, " 19 and 23, and 15 to 17 inclusive.
" 22, " 23.
" 23, " 17 to 21 inclusive.
" 28, " 5, 6, 12, and 14 to 21 inclusive.

$25 LOTS.

Block 1, Lots 1, and 24.
" 2, " 2 to 8 inclusive, and 19 to 23 inclusive.
Block 3, Lots 2 to 7 inclusive, and 19 to 23 inclusive.
Block 4, Lots 2 to 4 inclusive, and 24.
" 5, " 14 and 24.
" 6, " 1.
" 9, " 3, 4, 19 and 24.
" 10, " 21 to 23 inclusive.
" 14, " 21 to 23 inclusive.
" 15, " 18.
" 20, " 20 to 22 inclusive.
" 21, " 15 to 17 inclusive, and 24.
" 22, " 3, and 24.
" 23, " 22.
" 26, " 5 to 11 inclusive, and 14 to 19 inclusive.
Block 27, Lots 5 to 11 inclusive, and 14 to 20 inclusive.
Block 28, Lots 13 and 22.

$35 LOTS.

Block 2, Lots 1, 11, 16 and 24.
" 3, " 1, 9, and 24.
" 4, " 1,
" 5, " 13.
" 8, " 11 to 17 inclusive.
" 9, " 5.
" 10, " 20 and 24.
" 14, " 20 and 24.
" 19, " 22.
" 20, " 15, 16, 19 and 23.
" 21, " 6 to 11 inclusive and 14 and 18.
" 22, " 2.
" 23, " 23.
" 26, " 4, 12, 13 and 20.
" 27, " 3, 4, 12, 13 and 21.
" 28, " 23.

$40 LOTS.

Block 2, Lots 12 and 15.
" 3, " 10.
" 10, " 3, 4 and 19.
" 11, " 21 and 22.
" 14, " 19.
" 15, " 20 to 23 inclusive.
" 16, " 14 to 17 inclusive and 21 and 22.
" 17, " 15 and 16.
" 19, " 23.
" 20, " 14, 17 and 24.
" 21, " 5, 12 and 13.
" 22, " 1.
" 23, " 24.
" 25, " 4.
" 26, " 3 and 21.
" 27, " 2 and 22.
" 28, " 24.

$50 LOTS.

Block 2, Lot 14.
" 3, " 11 and 14.
" 8, " 9, 10 and 18.
" 11, " 20 and 23.
" 13, " 21 to 23 inclusive.
" 15, " 24.
" 16, " 18, 19, 20 and 23.
" 17, " 14 and 17.
" 19, " 24.
" 21, " 4.
" 23, " 2, 3 and 6 to 9, 11 and 12.
" 25, " 3, 14 to 21 inclusive
" 26, " 2 and 22.
" 27, " 1 and 23.

$55 LOTS.

Block 2, Lot 13.
" 3, " 12.
" 8, " 8.
" 9, " 13 to 16 inclusive.
" 11, " 3, and 19
" 13, " 20.
" 15, " 2 to 8 inclusive.
" 16, " 19 and 24.
" 17, " 13 and 18.
" 18, " 16.
" 21, " 3.
" 26, " 1 and 23.
" 27, " 24.

$60 LOTS.

Block 8, Lot 7.
" 9, " 12 and 17.
" 11, " 2.
" 13, " 19.
" 15, " 1 and 9.
" 17, " 20.
" 18, " 17.
" 21, " 2.

$65 LOTS.

Block 9, Lots 11 and 18.
" 15, " 10.
" 17, " 19.
" 20, " 6 to 11 inclusive.
" 21, " 1.
" 26, " 24.

$70 LOTS.

Block 9, Lot 10.
" 15 " 11.
" 20 " 5 and 12.

$75 LOTS.

Block 9, Lot 9.
" 14 " 8 to 14 inclusive.
" 15 " 12.
" 16 " 2 to 10 inclusive.
" 20 " 4.

$80 LOTS.

Block 9, Lot 8.
" 17, " 10 and 11.
" 14 " 7.
" 16 " 1 and 11.
" 18 " 5 and 8.
" 19 " 7 to 10 inclusive.
" 20 " 3.

$90 LOTS.

Block 16 " 12.
" 19 " 2 and 11.
" 20 " 2.

$100 LOTS.

Block 11, Lot 18.
" 18 " 12.
" 19 " 12.
" 20 " 1.
" 14 7 to 15.

The above lots are in the market at this date, but are being sold rapidly. Send for plats and pick out the lots you want immediately if you want to "catch on" to the spring boom. Address

STEELE & JEWELL,
Bismarck, D. T.

May 1, 1882.

GET THE BEST!

RATHBONE, SARD & CO. ACORN STOVES & RANGES.

LEAD ALL OTHERS!

Every Style & Price.

Guaranteed Unequaled FOR OPERATION, ECONOMY, DURABILITY and WORKMANSHIP.

Improvements and Conveniences found in no others.

Always Reliable.

POPULAR EVERYWHERE.

For Sale in Every City and Town in the United States.

For sale by O. H. Beal, Bismarck, D. T.
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IMPORTANT TO HORSE OWNERS.

Cole's Veterinary Carbolisalve

Will cure Cuts, Wounds, Bruises, Collar and Saddle Galls, Chaps, Chafes, Mange, Sores, Abscesses, Speed-Cracks, Scratches, Cracked Heel, Thrush, Rotting Frog, Inflammations and all Skin and Hoof Diseases, quicker than any other remedy known.

It will cure any case of Scratches, Speed Crack or Cracked Heel.

It keeps the frog and hoof soft and healthy, and will grow a new tough hoof in a short time.

It is cleansing and healing and is the only preparation that will cure Cuts, Wounds, Galls and Sores, AND BRING THE HAIR IN THE ORIGINAL COLOR. Unequaled for general stable use.

Pound cans, $1. Small cans, 50 cents. Sold by Druggists generally. Prepared only by

J. W. COLE & CO.,
Black River Falls, Wis.

Sold by Peterson, Veeder & Co.

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In the Following Companies:

Springfield - -	$1,361,948 00
Western, Toronto -	1,150,542 00
Firemen's Fund - -	811,673 00
Star of New York -	608,803 00
St. Paul Fire and Marine	558,483 00
American Central -	550,296 00
	$5,042,045 00

G. H. FAIRCHILD, Agent.

Buy at dealers' prices. We will sell you *any* article for family or personal use, in any quantity, at wholesale price. No matter what you want, send for our Catalogue, *free*—contains over **1,900** illustrations. We carry in stock the largest variety of goods in the U. S.

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227 & 229 Wabash Ave.,
CHICAGO, ILL.

—FURNITURE—

Mattresses, Ticks and Pillows, Picture Frames, Mouldings, Mirrors, Glass, Brackets, Curtains, Poles, and Cornices. Special bargains in

SEWING MACHINES.

J. C. CADY,
Third St., BISMARCK, D. T.

Views of the
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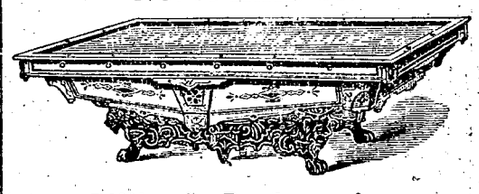

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For Dizziness, Rush of Blood in the Head, tending to Apoplexy, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Dropsy, Pimples and Blotches, Scrofulous Humors and Sores, Tetter Ring Worm, White Swelling, Erysipelas, Sore Eyes and for young men suffering from Weakness or Debility caused from imprudence, and to females in delicate health, Frazier's Root Bitters are especially recommended.

Dr. Frazier: I have used two bottles of your Root Bitters for Dyspepsia, Dizziness, Weakness and Kidney Disease, and they did me more good than the doctors and all the medicine I ever used. From the first dose I took I began to mend, and I am now in perfect health, and feel as well as I ever did. I consider your medicine as one of the greatest of blessings.

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Complainant's Notice.

TERRITORY OF DAKOTA, IN JUSTICE'S Court, County of Burleigh, before Joseph Hare, Justice of the Peace.

John Yegan, plaintiff, vs. Luke Harriman, defendant. Summons.

The Territory of Dakota sends greeting to Luke Harriman, defendant. You are hereby summoned to appear before me, at my office in the city of Bismarck in said county, on the third day of June, A. D., 1882, at 9 o'clock a. m., to answer to the complaint of the above named plaintiff, John Yegan, who claims to recover of you the sum of sixty-eight dollars and thirty-four cents for goods, ware and merchandise sold to you at your request.

Given under my hand this 20th day of April, A. D., 188. JOSEPH HARE,
Justice of the Peace within and for Burleigh County, D. T. 49-52

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D., New York city. 23-52

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Bismarck Tribune.

WHERE SHALL THE CONVENTION MEET?

The Press and Dakotaian gives the following as the republican vote of Dakota at the election two years ago this fall, on which it was ordered that the apportionment of delegates for the coming convention should be made:

Barnes	358	Hamlin	176
Brookings	702	Kingsbury	454
Burleigh	449	Lake	421
Bon Homme	553	Lincoln	877
Brule	74	Lawrence	2 936
Brown	89	Minnehaha	1,656
Beadle	219	Moody	537
Clay	365	McCook	243
Custer	260	Pembina	483
Coddington	386	Pennington	539
Cass	840	Richland	374
Charles Mix	40	Spink	245
Deuel	321	Stutsman	266
Davison	290	Turner	491
Grant	566	Traill	647
Grand Forks	604	Union	680
Hanson	165	Yankton	1,005
Hutchinson	476		

An apportionment on this basis is objected to by the Press and Dakotaian for the reason, it is alleged, that some counties not in this list now having a heavy population would be ruled out entirely.

If the committee acts in accordance with the universal custom this will not be the case. They will apportion delegates to the several counties on the basis of their vote two years ago, and allow to each county since organized one delegate. They will recommend that counties having an extraordinary increase in population since the election be allowed additional delegates. They will doubtless consider well before doing this, bearing in mind that nearly all portions of the territory have likewise largely increased in population, excepting possibly the Black Hills counties, and the older settled counties about Yankton.

The selection of delegates to a republican convention certainly ought to be made on the republican, and not upon the whole vote—not upon the census returns—and not upon the wild estimates made by individuals who realize the improvements that have been going on in their respective neighborhoods but fail to comprehend the fact that a neighboring locality has perhaps improved still more.

The apportionment ought to be made upon a basis of one delegate to each organized county and one in addition for each one hundred republican votes cast at the last general election or major fraction thereof. This would give to Barnes county 5 delegates, to Brookings 8; to Burleigh 5; to Bon Homme 7; to Brule 2; to Brown 2; to Beadle 3; to Clay 5; to Custer 4; to Coddington 5; to Cass 9; to Charles Mix 1; to Deuel 4; to Davison 4, to Grant 7; to Grand Forks 7, to Hanson 3; to Hutchinson 6; to Hamlin 3; to Kingsbury 6; to Lake 5; to Lincoln 10; to Lawrence 30; to Minnehaha 18; to Moody 6; to McCook 3; to Pembina 6; to Pennington 6; to Richland 5; to Spink 3; to Stutsman 4; to Turner 6; to Traill 7; to Union 8; and to Yankton 11. To this should be added a proper allowance for Morton, Hughes, Walsh, Kidder and other counties not voting at the last general election.

The convention should be held at the point most accessible to the people of the territory. Bismarck is certainly not that point although our people would welcome warmly to this city the gentlemen of the convention, and with the largest and best hotels in the territory, and one of the finest court rooms, there is no lack of accommodations. Fargo is not that point, nor is Grand Forks, nor indeed any point in North Dakota for the great bulk of the members of the convention belongs to southern Dakota counties.

The TRIBUNE suggests Sioux Falls because it is the most convenient point in southern Dakota for north Dakota delegates, and the most convenient point for a large portion of the southern Dakota delegates. Therefore, it believes it to be the most accessible point that can be chosen for the convention. Since this is true the TRIBUNE does not see any force in the objections raised by anti-Pettigrew people to Sioux Falls being chosen for the place of holding the convention.

It can not see that the choice of that point is a compliment to Mr. Pettigrew in any sense but is a concession to the people.

BURLEIGH county contains thousands of acres of land subject to entry under the pre-emption and homestead laws. It has upwards of one hundred miles of the Missouri river, the banks of which are skirted with timber much of this distance; and there is considerable timber along the tributaries of the Missouri. There are extensive tracts of prairie and coal lands, but the country is best adapted to grazing. The population of the county is about 4,500, of which about 3,000 are in Bismarck and 1,500 in the county.

The number of acres under cultivation in the county is about 9,000. The product is principally wheat, oats and barley—all extra number one. Wheat has averaged, except 1881 when the crop was a total failure, about twenty-five bushels per acre; oats about fifty bushels. The barley was clean, bright and heavy, a number one article. Corn matured three weeks before frost and yielded (flint varieties) fifty bushels per acre.

There is no country offering so many inducements as Burleigh county. The Missouri river affords a cheap means for reaching market. Postoffices and post roads are established, and the foundations are laid for churches and schools. Burleigh county has more timber, excepting the Black Hills counties, than any other county in Dakota; it has more miles of navigable river than any other, and is the county above all others, the most inviting for settlers.

IT is no credit to the Press and Dakotaian and two or three other newspapers in Dakota, to assume, as they do, that the editors holding government offices who support Mr. Pettigrew for a renomination, have been purchased by patronage. The TRIBUNE has too much respect for journalism, and those engaged in it, to assume that the Press and Dakotaian, for instance, opposes Mr. Pettigrew because Mr. Bowen's application for the Yankton postoffice was rejected, or that any citizen, acting on his best judgment, and according to his inclinations, which may or may not be governed by what he supposes to be his interests, has been bought.

It is natural for men having qualities of head and heart entitling them to respect, who have been assisted by a political or personal friend, to desire the continued success of that friend, and to aid him if in their power to do so. The man who would not do so is a crank, an idiot or a knave, and it is not creditable in any one to assume that those who act from the best impulses of the human heart, doing just what good people expect them to do under the circumstances, act from improper motives. To do so shows a system (physical if not moral) badly disordered. The gall has been diverted from its proper channel, the liver refuses to act, and other internal organs are sadly out of gear. The blood has been poisoned and the mind is therefore inclined to see everything out of joint.

Mr. Pettigrew is a candidate for renomination. His work should be considered and his case disposed of upon its merits. If he has failed to do his work, or has proven recreant to the trusts imposed upon him he deserves not only criticism but defeat. The TRIBUNE defies any newspaper in the territory to show wherein Mr. Pettigrew has in any sense failed to do his whole duty. What is there, coming within his province, that could be done by a delegate, that has not been done? He has been quick to comprehend and quick to act, and as successful as any other delegate in congress in carrying his measures. He has done nothing, or failed to do anything, that would justify his defeat for a re election. On the contrary members of the senate and house of representatives declare that Dakota was never better represented than she has been since the election of Mr. Pettigrew. If this is true he deserves a re election, and can be far more effective in the future than in the past, because better acquainted with the work it falls to his lot to do.

NOW THAT the time for excursions for pleasure has arrived, nothing could be more enjoyable than a lake trip from points east to Duluth, and thence on west over the line of the North Pacific to the Yellowstone Park. The pleasures of the lake trip need no reference. The mad, rushing waters of the St. Louis should be seen to be appreciated. The beauty of the Red river wheat fields can not be comprehended until one has seen the miles and miles of waving grain through which the train passes on its way to the Missouri and Yellowstone. The scenery about Bismarck is simply magnificent. The eye seldom rests upon landscape more inviting. The bad lands are among the wonders of the world, and one never fails to find some new point of interest in relation to them. Sully's idea that they resemble the bottom of the infernal region with the fires out is entirely too harsh. There is much of beauty as well as interest in them, and one never tires of exploring them. The wonders and beauties of the Yellowstone deserve more than could be said of them in the limits of a newspaper article. Deep canyons, natural parks, planted and arranged by God's own hand, rippling brooks filled with trout, boiling springs, geysers, skies rivaling the brightness of those of Italy, are among the attractions. Let a trip of this sort be considered by those figuring on pleasure for the present summer.

THE crop prospect is all that could be desired. The season for sowing was early, followed by cool weather and frequent showers. This gave deep root and caused the grain to stool unusually well—six to eight stalks from each kernel instead of two or three only. The grain now stands on an average at least fifteen inches in height, some of it much more than that, of course, and it is growing rapidly. No rain is needed for some days yet, but of course a shower would be welcomed. The average sown to wheat this year is much greater than ever before—more than double that sown in former years, and there is also a large increase in the average of oats and barley. There is much corn planted, both on sod and old ground, the flint varieties never failing to mature long before frost. Very general attention is now being paid to the development of our agricultural resources. All realize that agriculture is the basis of all prosperity.

THE twenty-two families of Jewish refugees from Russia, who settled in the Painted Woods country, will be followed during the summer by sixty families more They came under the auspices of the American relief association. They left Russia because of the oppression of their race permitted if not encouraged by the Russian government. They are all practical farmers and are men of means. They are accustomed to a cold climate, to a prairie country, and to hard work, and will surely make valuable settlers. They will grow stock, and prove the country adapted to grain culture. It is the development of the agricultural resources of our country that will make Bismarck prosper. These people will do their share toward that.

THE North Pacific railroad people have reason to be proud over the result of the recent fight made upon them in congress. The battle is over now, the judiciary committee reported in favor of the road. The enemies of the road, however, have succeeded in attracting attention to the road and have convinced many who were doubters heretofore of the immense value of the land grant and the excellence of the country through which it passes. It has been worth millions to the road.

TWELVE Scotch families have settled in the vicinity of Don Stevenson's ranch. One of them, Dugald Campbell, is a son of the Duke of Argyles' chief farmer. They are all well to-do, and are opening large farms. They are the advance guard of many more families of the same class who are coming. John A. McLean has done excellent work in securing this settlement, and deserves full credit.

WHAT can Mr. W. F. Steele, the bonanza farmer at the new town of Steele, have done that Major Edwards should class him among the possible congressional candidates from North Dakota?

NEWS COMMENTS.

DEADWOOD enjoyed a slight hail storm on the 30th ult.

THE Deadwood Times has reduced the price of subscription from $2 to $1 per month. A mistake.

THE North Pacific is building a wagon road from Cabinet Landing to Thompson river. It will be 80 miles long.

THE Clendenin smelting company intends putting $10,000 worth of additional machinery in the Barker district.

THE Vermillion Republican says Judge J. P. Kidder is not in the field for the delegateship. He has had enough of it.

THE wires are again down between Bismarck and Benton: also wire communication has been severed between this city and Stevenson.

A GALLEY-SLAVE from Cincinnati is reported to be on his way to Billings with a job printing outfit.—Helena Herald.

He has a shooting-stick with him, too.

L. BARRON, a prominent business man of Vermillion, D. T., mysteriously disappeared from there recently, and the case possesses all the elements of a skip-out.

GEO. H. HAND, secretary of Dakota, is in the field for the delegateship of the territory. He is now in the Black Hills working up his boom. Hand will make a strong man.

It is claimed that Gov. Crittenden, of Missouri, who made war on the James boys, has become frightened, and now offers to pardon Frank if he will surrender and be convicted.

THE Mullan tunnel is now in over 600 feet, and the Helena Herald says that the prospect is good for putting daylight through the Main Range by the time the cars steam into Helena next summer.

GREAT energy is being displayed in the construction of the North Pacific. Five hundred teams are to be put at work on the North Pacific contract of Hammond, Hendricks & Merrill, west of Missoula.

Col. Sweet has been employed by the Benton Board of Trade to boom Benton and its tributaries in the eastern press. He is an old Bismarcker, was in this city the other day and the TRIBUNE enjoyed an interview with him.

A NEW YORK telegram says that Edward Hanlan is to row Ross a match on Winnipeg lake July 3. Had he made his match a month or so earlier he might have rowed down cross lots to Fargo and gazed upon the electric tower at that village.

THE Dakota Register says Geo. H. Hand is a candidate for delegate, and adds: "Hand has made a popular territorial officer and if Dakota should be admitted his chances to reach the gubnatorial chair would be second to none.

THE initial number of the Billings weekly Herald has been received. It contains but little matter regarding that magic city, and is of the patent in'ard style of architect. A weekly paper in a boom city is a wet blanket to the pretentions of said city.

DUTCH FRED, who was implicated in the Knowlton murder in Pierre in 1877, sent for his revolver and claims milage for it, as it is a witness in the trial at Yankton. The Press thinks he out to have it. Here is cheek for you—in Dutch Fred, of course; the Press hasn't any.

A DEADWOOD correspondent of the Pioneer Press says ex-Delegate Bennett is again in the fight for his old seat in congress, and that Gov. Ordway is putting up the "sugar." Judge Bennett may be again in the race, but we believe he is putting up his own "sugar." He's got some.

Track laying was begun on the Mouse river extension, according to the Alert of the 6th, on the previous day. The iron was put down about half a mile out from Jamestown. About thirty miles of the road bed is graded ready for the ties, and the track will be laid out that far immediately.

A COWBOY held up a stage station on the Pirre road recently. The job is represented by the Pierre Journal as one of the coolest on record in that section. With two revolvers he made three men saddle up two horses for him, then compelled them to take a walk out on the prairies while he rode off. There seems to be some nervy bandits still left on the roads to the Hills.

WE learn from the Dakota Herald that Superintendent Beadle has been endeavoring to make a census of Dakota from reports received from county superintendents of schools and entries at land offices, and estimates the population of the territory at 211,000. This estimate includes North Dakota, the Black Hills, and all other sections of the territory.

HARRY W. KNOWLTON, charged with the murder of David Rauch at Pierre in 1877, the first murder committed there, upon his second trial at Yankton was acquitted. The point of greatest importance in the judge's charge was that the jury could not return a verdict of murder, manslaughter being the highest crime to be considered and acted upon. This ruling arose from the fact that the prisoner had been acquitted of murder at a previous trial, in which he was found guilty of manslaughter.

HELENA, M. T., must present poor inducements to laboring men, judging from the following from the Herald: "An exhibition of the lowest state in which a vagrant can bring himself occurs every day at the rear of the Palace restaurant in this city. Able bodied men hang around the swill barrel after every meal and eat the refuse cast into it. Sometimes these human hogs bring old tins with them when they seek their dirty repast, and carry off what they are unable to eat."

BENTON Record, 29th ult: "A short time ago ten South Piegans from the Blackfoot agency went north, intending to set the Crees, near Fort Walsh, afoot. When near the place where they were to attempt the stealing, they made camp at night in the brush to await the cover of darkness before commencing operations. Meantime a Cree had observed the party from the top of a butte, and summoning a party they went for that crowd of Piegans in good style, killing nine outright. One got away badly wounded, and has subsequently died." That's the way Indians fight among themselves.

THE Fargo Argus, which has been bitter in its opposition to Pettigrew, admits in an article in its issue of May 23, that he has been of great service to Dakota, and that there is but little doubt but that he will have the support of North Dakota in the convention.—Huron Times.

The advertising columns of the Argus are open to all classes of customers who pay for the space they occupy, and the Argus has no columns which are not advertising columns. —Yankton Press.

Even if the admission is an advertisement, it is no less true. This is reliable.

THE North Pacific railroad company has issued a circular to stockholders stating that the company is not able to undertake the construction of certain desirable branches of the road, and that the work will be done by the Oregon & Transcontinental company. The stock of the branches so constructed is to be held in trust for the North Pacific, so that it will exercise all the rights of ownership. The means for building the lines is to be raised by the Oregon & Transcontinental company, who will bond the roads. The branches to be so built will aggregate about 600 miles in Minnesota, Dakota and Washington territory.

E. D. BARKER, editor of the Hillsboro Banner, was arrested and bound over on the 6th for assault with a deadly weapon upon Sylvester Lanterman, a merchant at Hillsboro. Barker is unsparing in his denunciation of those who oppose him. Hot words followed harsh criticism in Barker's paper, and the merchant knocked the editor down, whereupon the editor fired four shots, all of which took effect in Lanterman's body, but none of the wounds were serious. Mr. Barker has caused the arrest and indictment of the editor of the other Hillsboro paper for republishing an article which appeared in the Bismarck TRIBUNE last September.

VENNOR lays it down as a truism that "a windy spring makes a severe autumn," and on this and the other theory of "weather relationship," bases his prediction for next fall and winter. He says in the June bulletin: "I herewith reiterate my previous statement respecting a very cold and stormy autum, and early setting in of extreme severity, with heavy snowfalls, this reaching to remote southerly points. We are likely to experience one of the coldest periods in a long term of years during the early part of the winter of 1882-3, but the cold will come in a lump, and the latter half of the winter is likely to be mild and open, with an advancing spring."

IT is a well known fact that the buffalo on the ranges in Montana are becoming comparatively extinct, and Henry Bergh, the tender-hearted crank, president of the society for the prevention of cruelty to animals, recently presented to congress, through Mr. Hewitt, a memorial and an accompanying bill to prevent the slaughter of buffalo, elk, deer and other animals on our western plains. The memorial sets forth that in the years 1872-3-4, over five millions of buffalo were slaughtered for their hides. The bill makes the offense for killing these animals a misdemeanor, and punishes it by a forfeiture of implements of destruction and their accompaniments, and punishable by fine and imprisonment.

MR. HUGH RYAN, son of the late Chief Justice Ryan, of Milwaukee, is a lawyer of fine ability, and a bright social light in the elite of the Cream City. Mr. Rodolph is a leading business man of LaCrosse. He was engaged to be married to a Milwaukee lady named Mrs. Eads, who, in the language of the dispatches, was a "charming young widow." On the day set for the marriage Rodolph appeared in Milwaukee in bridal "togs" to wed the widow. The latter, however, informed him that the ceremony could not take place, as she had an appointment to marry Mr. Ryan the following day. She kept her word and so Milwaukee had a sensation. The LaCrosse man had the grace to be present on the occasion and to extend his congratulations.

IT is a fact that the beavers in Montana are a source of great usefulness to the stockmen and ranchers in some valleys. A week ago James Mayberry, a tie contractor on the Utah & Northern company, has been preparing to float ties down Warm Spring creek, a branch of Deer Lodge river. The ranchers living along the line of the creek stoutly opposed the enterprise, urging that to render it possible to float ties it will be necessary to destroy the beaver dams which they allege would result in the destruction of adjacent hay lands. It is also urged that it would require the displacement of the dams built at various places in the creek for the purpose of supplying the irrigating ditches, and that the latter as a natural result would run dry and the crops would perish.

FORSYTH, the station to which the Yellowstone division was opened June 1st, is 125 miles west of Glendive. The station agents west of Glendive, as far as appointed, are: Geo. C. Haseltine, at Iron Bluff; Albert Bowen, at Terry; A. O. Canfield, at Miles City; C. W. McKellor, at Martin, and Geo. Bowman, at Forsythe. The stations and their distances from Glendive are as follows: Milton, 14½; Fallon, 29½; Terry, 39; Morgan, 49½; Tilly, 59; Dixon, 69; Miles City, 78¼; Fort Keogh, 80½; Coal Bank, 85; Horton, 89; Martin, 98; Rosebud, 109; Alexandria, 124; Forsythe, 125; end of track, 150. The new superintendent, S. R. Ainslie, will have his headquarters at Glendive until further orders.

A TERRITORIAL exchange says that it has been remarked that "the wind blows in Dakota." Is it supposed that it sits around with its hands in its pockets like a third-rate politician waiting for an office? Would it not be a strange wind that did not blow? It however blows straight from the shoulder, not on the cork-screw style, which yanks everything from its foundation and makes succotash of personal property that is outside a ten-ton safe. When Dakota organizes a picnic she goes in for a first-class time: if it blows, it blows; if it thunders, it thunders; and when it undertakes to raise wheat it raises a full hand, 25 bushels and upward to the acre, of wheat, not the chinch bug shrunken, five-bushels-to-the-acre stuff which mostly screens into chicken feed. Yes, "it blows," and it has something to blow about. Don't forget it.

A WASHINGTON telegram of the 2d inst., says that Secretary Teller, in an interview on the question of the Turtle Mountain reservation, said the matter was attended to by the secretary. The statement recently made that he was disposed to render a decision restoring these lands to the public domain is substantially correct. There is little doubt, from the conversation, that he has reached this conclusion in his own mind, and would have made a decision at once to that effect had not bills been introduced in the senate and house, that somewhat complicated the matter. There is little doubt, however, that a decision of this kind will soon be made. The judiciary committee of the senate, to whom the senate bill was referred, will probably report in favor of opening in that country. The fact may cause the secretary to make the decision immediately. At all events it may not be postponed longer than the close of the present session of congress.

FARGO Argus: "While the smaller fry throughout the territory are picking up ordinary mortals here and there for congressional material, they do not seem to recall the popularity, the zeal and the enthusiasm of one of North Dakota's bonanza farmers, W. F. Steele, of Kidder county, is young, handsome, loud-voiced, and no man has exerted himself more in behalf of the Wonderland. Mr. Steele can possibly find the time and if so, in the event of being the choice of the nominating convention, will not fail to carry the full strength of the ticket. Dakota has no man who could more gracefully grace the halls of congress and in social circles with he himself will ever shine, there is Mrs. Steele, a lady of manifold attainments, who would win popularity in any social gathering, even in Washington society. In making calculations do not overlook the Kidder county bonanza farmer and statesman. It is not improbable that Mr. Steele will be a candidate, but if nominated he will no doubt make the race.

PRESIDENT VILLARD, of the North Pacific, said recently in Philadelphia: "An interesting feature of our work has been the effect of the Chinese Immigration Bill. We have suffered for want of labor. We had only eighteen hundred men at work when we wanted twice as many, and such was the demand that the price of Chinese labor had gone up forty per cent. within six months. When it was evident that the Chinese bill would pass the Six Companies hastened to bring out as many Chinamen as they could. At one time we had only thirteen hundred men at work, of which four hundred were Americans, and I ordered that all the force which we had at work for the Oregon railroad and navigation company should be transferred to the North Pacific. Soon the influx of Chinamen began to be felt, and we now have four thousand men at work, and the chief engineer telegraphs me that he has ordered two thousand more put on at once. We are pushing the line as fast as we can, and no matter what happens we shall finish it within fifteen months."

IT would seem from information obtained from the Deadwood Times of the 30th ult. that the great Homestake mining company of the Black Hills was actively engaged in building a railroad for purposes of general commerce. The company constructed and equipped fifteen miles of road last year, through the heavily timbered portions of that section in order to provide their mills and mines with fuel and mining timbers, but now intend to extend the line. The Times says: "Surveyors started yesterday to run an extension of the Homestake railroad. The line will run from the present terminus of the road on to Box Elder, down that stream to the foothills, and on to Rapid, where it will eventually connect with the Sioux City & Pacific. The distance of the extension as described is 33 miles, and is to be completed fit for use before snow falls. This looks very much as though the road was the local end of the line now being surveyed from Rapid east, and the entire line will probably be under the control of the Homestake company. Our information is obtained from parties conversant with the facts, and may be relied upon as being true in every particular."

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
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THE RIVER.

In a State of Stagnant Idleness About Bismarck for a Week.

(From Daily of 3d)

The river was rising rapidly yesterday at this point, indicating warmer weather and rains above. A good stage of water is predicted from now on. There are no boatl loading at the levee at present, but severa will arrive during the next few days.

The Far West passed Poplar river, up, yesterday at 12:40.

The Josephine passed the same point, down, at 8:30 last evening.

The Behan passed Le Beau's yesterday at 3 o'clock, bound for Bismarck.

The wires being down from above, news from the Coal Banks and points above has not been received for some days.

(From Daily of 4th)

The river was rising rapidly yesterday and the stage of water is good. The Butte and Helena, of the Benton line, and the Josephine, of the Coulson line, are coming down stream as fast as possible. The latter will reach Bismarck to-morrow morning and the former Wednesday or Thursday.

The W. J. Behan, Grant Marsh's latest pride, will arrive to-day and will get away for Sioux City as per advertisement.

The Sherman returned from Lincoln yesterday and proceeded on her way to the Coal Banks with 125 tons of freight.

The Josephine passed Buford, down, at 6 p. m., last evening.

The Black Hills passed Poplar River, up, at 7 a. m., yesterday.

(From Daily of 6th)

The June rise, so long looked for, has at last got here, no mistake.

Capt. Grant Marsh's steamer, the John W. Behan, arrived at the Bismarck levee Sunday afternoon and pulled out on her return trip to Sioux City, yesterday. She will run the river between Bismarck and Sioux City. For beauty she can never take the bakery or even a cake, but she is one of the very best business crafts on the old Muddy, and is also fast. Capt. Marsh assured us that he never came up the river from Standing Rock to this city as quickly as he came this time. She has great carrying capacity on low water, drawing only seventeen inches light. She is provided throughout with all the improved machinery, among other things a steam fire engine, a compact model of neatness. The roster of the Behan is as follows: Grant Marsh, master; John Marsh, pilot, and Com. Hiram K. Hazlet, clerk. Com. Hazlet, ten or twelve years ago, was largely interested in the Kountz line of upper Missouri river steamers, and general manager, with headquarters at Sioux City. He is a good steamboat man and a thorough gentleman.

The Josephine returned from her Benton trip on Sunday night at 10:30 o'clock. Her cargo consisted of 3,900 buffalo and beef hides, sixty bales of robes and fifty bales of skins. She had twenty-one passengers. She is billed to go out for the head of navigation again this evening.

The Big Horn, up, passed Poplar River at 5 a. m. yesterday.

The Wyoming, up, passed Fort Sully at 6 p. m. on the 4th. She is a mate to the Dacotah.

The Benton on her way up passed the Tobacco Gardens at daylight yesterday morning.

The Butte was at the Coal Banks on the 4th inst.

(From Daily of 7th.)

The river after its sudden rise began to recede slowly yesterday. The decline, however, will not be very great for some time to come. There is now a splendid boating body of water, and it is a pity that the dull time in river transportation generally occurs when the stage is big for business. After the first spurt in the spring the demand for river transportation becomes limited until the late summer and fall shipments begin. The Indian supplies are also generally shipped late. The bids for these supplies have just been opened. Owing to this fact two of the Peck line boats are now lying at our levee like Othelo, with their occupation gone, but as this company has secured the delivery of the Indian supplies they will not be long idle.

The Josephine will clear again for Benton on the 7th, to-day.

The Wyoming passed Labeau's at 11:30 a. m. yesterday, and will reach Bismarck on Friday.

The steamer Benton left head of navigation on the Old Creek yesterday morning, and allowing her four days to make the run down, which is ample, she will round to at our landing Friday.

The Helena is at Benton. She passed the Coal Banks yesterday.

Yankton Press: "Mayor Wynn is making arrangements to prevent the landing of boats suspected of carrying small-pox. They will have to go into quarantine and submit to an inspection before their passengers can come ashore."

Sioux City Journal, 31: "The Rucker is about ready for the water, but will not be launched until the next rise comes. The time will be improved in building a new wheel, calking the deck and refitting the roof and cabins.... The contract for 632,000 pounds of Indian bacon, secured by James E. Booge & Co., and the grain and flour contracts secured by Davis & Wann, will help out the boats landing at this city. The bacon is to be delivered to the government at Sioux City .... The Little Maude will get up steam today, but is not quite ready for a trial trip. Capt. Leach has had from a dozen to sixteen men engaged on her upper works and machinery since bringing down the hull from Ponca landing, four weeks ago. The first barge to run with the Maude will be launched at Ponca landing on Saturday."

It is claimed by the Sioux City Journal that the bulk of the Indian supplies to the agency on the upper Missouri river will be transported by the Peck line of steamers.

Fort Benton Record: "The Power line of boats have taken very few freight contracts this year, excepting those with the government. The owners of the line, Messrs. Power & Bro., have made no effort to obtain the carrying of freight, in order that they might have opportunity for shipping a large stock of lumber to Benton the coming summer. The lumber has been purchased in large quantities at points on the North Pacific railroad, and especially at Minneapolis and Anoka, Minn."

(From Daily of 8th)

The tide is still going down. It fell about two inches yesterday.

The Josephine departed on her third Benton trip of the season last evening. No other craft has turned the stake three times on the upper river this year. She was freighted with 260 tons. Her cabin passengers, number fifty-five, and on deck she had a whole army of Russian Jewish refugees, who go to the Painted Woods district, about twenty-five miles above Bismarck, where they will establish a colony and tear up the ground for next year's crop.

The following steamers will arrive at our levee this week in the order named, unless some of them run ahead or behind their time:

Wyoming, from St. Louis.
Butte, from Benton.
Helena, from Benton.
Red Cloud, from Benton.
Rosebud, from Benton.

The steamer Wyoming, one of the largest and most elegant on the river, is billed to leave here for Benton on the 8th, and the Rosebud on the 12th inst.

The Butte, down, was at Poplar river at 7 a. m. yesterday.

The Key West, up, passed the Coal Banks at 8:30 a. m. yesterday.

The Behan, down, passed LeBeau at daylight yesterday.

The Rosebud reached the head of the swollen artery at 3:40 yesterday afternoon.

The Benton, up, passed Buford at 2 p. m. on the 6th.

The Helena reached Benton at 1:45 on the 6th.

The government steamer Gen. Sherman, up, passed the Tobacco Gardens at 12 m. on the 6th.

What has become of the Eclipse and the Batchelor in the Yellowstone? Nothing has been heard of them for lo, these many days.

Many an inquiry has been made regarding the significance of the large flag frequently seen waving over Com. Maratta's office. It signifies the arrival or departure of one of the Coulson line boats.

Capt. Mart Coulson, who is sick at Com. S. B. Coulson's house in Yankton, is somewhat better.

There has been appropriated for the improvement of the upper Missouri $100,000.

Quite a number of large Mackinaw boats have been built at Benson's Landing, on the Yellowstone, to transport lumber down that stream to the towns that are springing up so rapidly along the line of the North Pacific. The largest one will carry twenty-five tons.

Sioux City Journal, 3: "A letter received by Capt. Larson yesterday said that the Livingston, sunk at Niobrara, has been raised and put on the bank. The boat is to be ready for business in two or three days."

The Yellowstone, the TRIBUNE learns from the Billings Herald of the 1st, had risen over thirty inches in four days, and was still a booming.

Fort Benton Record, 26th ult.: "Major J. W. Patrick, in the district court, has brought two suits against the Northwestern transportation company—one claiming $2,000 damages for having been put of the boat, Gen. Meade, and the other for $500 compensation for services as nurse for the persons who died on the recent up-river trip of the Meade." The major must be a way-up nurse.

Sioux City Journal, 2: Col. Aikin was interviewed on his return from New York yesterday. He said that all the through eastern freight for points as far up as Fort Peck would be loaded on the Peck boats at Sioux City. The Kountz boats will get the local carrying between Chamberlain and some of the agencies, and some of the local transportation from Sioux City, about two boatloads in all. The Powers line gets the transportation between Bismarck and Standing Rock, the Montana posts, and some scattering work on the lower river. The Peck line boats now in the Missouri will be sufficient to carry the freight without bringing in the C. K. Peck, now in the lower river."

(From Daily of 9th)

The river is still receding slowly at this point. At Stevenson it is at a standstill, but falling above; at Buford it declined five inches. The Yellowstone is coming up, rising three inches yesterday and booming, giving that stream eight feet and three inches in the channel at Junction City. The present rise in the latter stream will begin to swell the old Muddy in a day or two.

The Josephine got away on her third Benton trip Tuesday night.

At present there are about 1,400 tons of freight at the levee, consigned to Montana and way points. The major portion of this freight is for the Block P line.

The following is the record of the boats, giving their positions in the river yesterday and day before:

The Red Cloud and Butte passed Stevenson only ten minutes apart. The Cloud was ahead. Now make your bets.

Benton, up; Poplar river at 11:30 p. m. on the 8th.

Gen. Sherman, up; Buford, 11:30 p. m. on the 7th.

Wyoming, up; Yates at daylight yesterday morning.

Butte, down; Buford at 8:30 p. m. on the 7th.

Red Cloud, down; Tobacco Gardens 8 a. m.

Five of the above named steamers will reach here this week, namely: Wyoming, Butte, Helena, Red Cloud and Rosebud.

The steamer Batchelor is doing duty in transporting railroad materials from the end of the track to Coulson.

Yankton Press, 5: "The steamer Niobrara arrived from Bismarck this morning, unloaded her cargo of hides here and went on below."

Mandan Pioneer, 8: "Some active moves have been consummated to put new life and vigor into our ferry system, Capt. Abrams having sold his half interest in the boat to his nephew, Mr. Edward L. Abrams, who will hereafter act as pilot of this much appreciated craft. Capt. W. Braithwaite, none of whom is a more trustworthy and competent mariner, is in command, and will bring to bear such enterprise and punctuality in trips as will make the Undine the popular ferry between the two cities. On July 1, should business warrant it, the boat will make four trips each way daily, and we sincerely trust that our people may lend the proper encouragement for that purpose, which the captain's well directed efforts so much deserve."

Commodore Maratta assures the TRIBUNE that the Wyoming will leave here at noon today, without fail, for Benton. She will receive no freight.

The Rosebud and Butte, from above, will also be here to-day.

Tall Wheat.

Dr. Bentley, who made a visit to his farm, three miles northeast of Bismarck Wednesday brought in a sample specimen of the wheat growing there. It is a little over eighteen inches in length. Any one who doubts this statement (of course there's none who know us will, but there might be a Fargo man in the city with sufficient gall to take issue with the assertion,) can call at the TRIBUNE sanctum and measure it. It is here on exhibition, and everybody is invited to drop in and view it. It will make you smile to see it.

Government Land.

More land was taken at the United States land office, Bismarck, the first three days of this week than for any other three days since the establishment of the office in 1874, and each day the entries were greater than for the previous days. There are still thousands of acres to be had in Burleigh county under the homestead, pre-emption and tree culture laws. At Fargo every new comer is met by people anxious to sell land. At Bismarck all are ready to help locate settlers on government land.

THE PRESTON MURDERER.

HE IS INTERVIEWED BY A BISMARCK TRIBUNE MAN.

He Says He Shot Preston in Self-Defence—That the Latter Had Misappropriated the Firm's Funds.

MILES CITY, M. T., June 4.—Deputy Sheriff Crealy arrived here this morning from Coulson bringing with him Dan. Lahee, the murderer of Billy Preston. On receipt of the information your correspondent visited the jail and was allowed an interview with the prisoner. He said: "My name is Daniel Lahee; I was born in Illinois and came west in 1877; have been in Coulson since March last; became acquainted with Preston there and entered into partnership with him in saloon and stock business. Preston would draw out money and never give me an account; things kept on thus, and I finally said that if he (meaning Preston) would give me $450 he could take the house and stock correll and call it square. He agreed to do this and promised his note. He staved it off and did not pay me, but kept up his promises. He wanted to put his stock in my corral and I would not let him; we had some words when he made a spring at me; I knew my only chance was to shoot, so I shot him; am satisfied that if he had got the drop on me I would have been in the same box he is now; after the shooting some of his men pitched into me, and marked me here (pointing to several gashes and cuts around his face); Preston also struck me after I shot him; I was then arrested and ironed and brought down here."

THE PRISONER

is about thirty years of age and five feet eight inches tall, heavily built and of powerful muscle. His general appearance is repulsive; he wears a dogged look and forbidding countenance. His eyes are bloodshot, and his well marked face give him the appearance of a hard customer. His trial has not yet been set.

THE HERALD'S ACCOUNT.

In Wednesday morning's edition of the TRIBUNE appeared an interview which our regular Miles City correspondent had with Don Leahy, the slayer of Wm. Preston, formerly a citizen of Bismarck. That was Leahy's side of the case, of course. This morning the TRIBUNE presents the other side, as given by the Billings Herald. The Herald's account, which appears below, is evidently somewhat biased, as our correspondent's interview proves. The manner in which Leahy was held was by hammering him into prostration:

"At about six o'clock this evening as Wm. Preston, who was formerly deputy sheriff of this county, was bringing his drove of horses, with the assistance of two of his men, from the bottom to the corral for the night, and had reached the bars to that enclosure, he was met by a former partner of his, Daniel Leahy, who, presenting a Sharp's rifle, said, "Damn you, if you put up those bars I will shoot you." Preston realizing that Leahy meant what he said, called out, "Dan, don't shoot!" crouched toward the ground and partially shielded himself behind one of his herders. When Preston stooped, Leahy fired, and Preston immediately fell with his head against the logs near the back door of Leahy's saloon, which abutted on the corral. As soon as Preston fell, several parties seized Leahy and held him until the officers of the law arrived, when he was transferred to their charge.

The injured man was picked up by the bystanders, taken into Leahy's saloon, and doctors Hogg, Davie and Stickney summoned.

It was ascertained that the ball had entered the upper third of the leg (at the thigh), passed inwards and upwards, severed the femoral artery, and tore through at the back.

Surgical assistance was of no avail, however, as the artery continued to gush out the life of the injured man, and in a few minutes life was extinct.

The Wholesale Man's Thermometer.

Every established local newspaper receives subscriptions from large cities which puzzle the publishers to account for, but which the New York Times lately threw some light upon in the following: "A wholesale grocer in this city, who has become rich at the business, says his rule is that when he sells a bill of goods on credit to immediately subscribe for the local paper of his debtor. So long as his customer advertised liberally and vigorously he rested, but as soon as he began to contract his advertising space he took the fact as evidence that there was trouble ahead, and invariably went for his debtor. Said he: The man who is too poor to make his business known is too poor to do business." The withdrawal of an advertisement is evidence of weakness that business men are not slow to act upon.

Will Yet Make His Mark.

The following neat compliment paid to our esteemed townsman, Attorney Flannery, is from the Fargo Republican of the 3rd inst. Upon speaking of the delegate timber in North Dakota in the event of a division of the territory the Republican said:

Farther west, at Bismarck, is Col. C. A. Lounsberry the versatile editor of the TRIBUNE, who has his weather-eye on a seat in congress and who would fill one very handsomely. Bismarck has also another gentleman not so widely known, but who will yet make his mark in North Dakota if he lives; one of the best legal minds of the Dakota bar, a diligent and careful student and an honorable, high minded man, who would, if in congress, give dignity to the office of delegate. That gentleman is George P. Flannery, Esq.

CONDENSED TELEGRAPH.

Harvesting has been begun in southern Missouri.

The Chicago horseshoers have struck for higher wages.

The general deficiency bill appropriates nearly $9,000,000.

Grading has been commenced at Glendive for a street railway.

The "setters" in Brecker's tannery, Milwaukee, are out on a strike.

Judge Pillsbury, who was recently shot by strikers near Chicago, is recovering.

Eleven students graduated yesterday from the colored university at Oxford, Pa.

Victor Hugo heads an appeal for funds to assist the immigration of Jews from Russia.

A number of Trinity college (Hartford) students have been fined $10 each for hazing.

W. J. Hutchinson has been bounced from the New York stock exchange for crooked practices.

Commander Terry, of the navy, a brother of Gen. Terry, died yesterday in Colorado, of consumption.

The typographical union, in session at St. Louis, endorsed the strikes of the iron and steel workers.

The operatives of the nail foundry at South Wareham, Mass., have struck for more elegant remuneration.

King Humboldt, of Italy, has promised to act as godfather for the infant son of Prince William, of Prussia.

The iron strikers of Wheeling, W. Va., have subsided, and the foundries are running with new hands.

The cotton, wheat and corn crops of Northampton county, N. C., were destroyed yesterday by a violent storm.

Arrangements are being completed at New Orleans for the shipment of California grain to Europe via that port.

Justice Miller, of the supreme court, has been elected president of the Garfield memorial hospital commission.

Ned Foster was shot and killed by a drunken man named Donaldson, Sunday afternoon, at Faribault, Minn.

Taylor Underwood, a murderer, was sentenced at Springfield, Mo., yesterday, to ninty-nine years imprisonment.

There is said to be 1,200 applicants for paymasterships in the United States army, and only half a dozen vacancies.

Considerable damage is reported to standing timber in the neighborhood of Merrillan, Wis., where forest fires are raging.

A domestic quarrel at Glapwin, Mich., yesterday, resulted in the fatel shooting of W. Stevenson, an old man, by his wife.

Treasurer Gilfillan yesterday paid out $3,672,058 for the redemption of bonds under the 112th call, which mature to-day.

The board of military visitors to West Point favor the establishment of a lecture room to be called Garfield Memorial hall.

The mayor of Cleveland orders the strikers not to assemble on the street in crowds, and not to interfere with laborers who wish to work.

A locomotive fell from the track of the elevated railway at West Brighton, N. Y., yesterday, and nine persons were badly injured.

Secretary Lincoln says he likes Advocate General Swain first-rate, and that there is no truth in the reports of unfriendliness between them.

Reuben Lucas was shot, by order of the court, at Talequah, Indian territory, yesterday, for murder. He displayed great "nerve."

Emperor William has invited Bismarck to act as sponsor for the infant son of Prince William, of Prussia—the emperor's great grandson.

Ex-Secretary Blaine will testify soon in regard to certain matters brought out by the examination of the Randall credit industrial company.

Fitzgerald, baron of the exchequer of England, has resigned, being unwilling to perform the duties of the office under the repression bill.

A ten-year-old boy named Willcox, while playing around a moving freight train at Audubon, Minn., was knocked under the train and killed.

A fire at Oshkosh, yesterday, destroyed Campbell Bros. & Cameron's saw mill, involving a loss of $25,000, on which there was $15,000 insurance.

The Rev. Father Gleason, of the church of the Holy Name, St. Louis, is involved in a naughty scandal, and has been removed by Archbishop Kenrick.

An extraordinary rainfall in the vicinity of Springfield, Ill., has caused a partial flooding of the lowlands. Railroads centering there are badly bothered.

T. J. Moses, ex-governor of South Carolina, pleaded guilty to the charge of petit larceny in New York, and was sentenced to six months in the penitentiary.

The Guion steamship Alaska made the trip from New York to Queenstown in six days, nineteen hours and twenty-five minutes—the best time on record.

A vigorous campaign has been decided upon by the Wisconsin prohibitionists this fall, and they will also send speakers to aid the prohibition cause in Iowa.

John Jackson and his wife, living at Harris Station, Mo., locked their four children in the house and went to church. The dwelling burned and the children with it.

The architect of the treasury at Washington says nothing will be done this year toward the construction of the Minneapolis postoffice unless lower bids are received.

Mother St. Bernard, mother superior of the congregation of the Notre Dame, at Montreal, has been elected superior of convents throughout Canada and the United States.

The gamblers of St Louis would like to leave that clay on condition that some 800 cases against them shall be discharged, but the court won't entertain any such proposition.

B. F. Scott, a drunken vagabond of Blue Mound, Ill., beat his wife to death with a monkey-wrench, yesterday, because she wouldn't give him money to buy "budge" with.

Alexander Mitchell, of Milwaukee, declines to permit his name to be considered in connection with the tariff commission, on account of a pressure of public and private business.

The house judiciary committee decided that it is not advisable to meddle with the North Pacific land grant, and in favor of permitting the company to go ahead and finish the road.

A Covington, Ky., negro named Archer yesterday shot two white men with whom he had become involved in a quarrel. The men will die, and so will Archer if the mob who are after him can catch him.

A handsome soldiers' monument which adorned the grounds of the state normal school at Millerville, Pa., was completely ruined by unknown vandals who defaced it with ink and other substances.

James E. Henry was hanged yesterday at Carrollton, Ga., for murder. William Moore, another murderer, was to have been hung at the same time, but having taken poison his execution was postponed until to-day.

The Ohio republicans have nominated the Hon. Chas. Townsend for secretary of state; John H. Doyle, of Toledo, judge of the supreme court; and C. H. Flickinger, of Defiance, member board of review.

A Chicago, Burlington and Quincy passenger train struck a broken rail near Fredericksville, Ill., yesterday, and three cars were badly pulverized. Thirty passengers were more or less badly hurt, but none were killed.

In Calhoun county, Arkansas, Thos. Hall, a prominent citizen, persisted in entering the house of John Harbour, another prominent citizen, after he had been repeatedly ordered not to do so. Harbour therefore killed Hall.

The first appearance of Mrs. Jesse James on the lecture platform occurred a few nights since in Kansas City, and was a flat failure. She sat on the stage while a man recited the train and bank robbing exploits of her late husband.

Chief Engineer Drake, of the Coldwater, Mich., fire department, is under arrest, charged with setting fire to buildings last fall. He is said to have done this for the purpose of working up an interest among the citizens in fire matters.

M. Babcock, of St. Johns, Mich., said the Rev. J. E. Richards, a local Congregationalist preacher, would preach Ingersollism if it paid better than the gospel, and that Richards "thought more of a rich man's fleece than a poor man's soul." And just for that Richards brings a suit for $10,000 damages.

The corpse found floating at Lawrence, Kan., is identified as that of David Bannerman, who was decoyed to the river by colored prostitutes and murdered by their male confederates. The latter have been captured, and it was with difficulty that they were saved from a mob, who "wanted them bad."

Davitt made a speech at Liverpool Wednesday night in which he said he was in favor of the land becoming national property. He considered that the soil of Ireland could be purchased for 140,000,000 pounds in government bonds, payable in fifty years. He denounced the Dublin castle rule as a monstrous failure.

"In Hock" Again.

Geo. Howard and Henry Walker, who were imprisoned last week for robbing Chas. H. Vail of $350, and on Monday, for lack of proof, were discharged, are again in limbo on a similar charge, and this time it is thought the charge will stick.

On Tuesday night they took a room at the Merchants and retired to bed about 12 o'clock. Soon after, Wm. Little, who is a guest of the same house, came down stairs and informed the night clerk, Chas. Coffman, that Howard had been in his room, and while conversing he discovered his loss. Coffman at once procured his artillery, in the form of an English bulldog revolver, and the two returned up stairs, where they met the brace of "rollers." They allowed them to pass, but soon concluded to overhaul them. As they attempted to make an exit from the house, Coffman brought his gun to bear and induced the brace to take a seat together until an officer could be procured. Officer Francis, who is always on deck, came and took possession of the game. A search revealed nothing suspicious except a gold embossed lady's watch. The ticker is a detached lever and its cases are sprung. When they were liberated on the day before this article of jewelry was not in their possession, and it is supposed that it was stolen on Monday night.

Another point which fastens the guilt of the Vail robbery on them is that when they were turned out of jail eighty-five dollars was the amount of their wealth but Tuesday night they had $110 after spending twenty-five or thirty dollars during the day, besides losing a sum considerably over $100 at faro that night.

These birds are very "slick ones." In gaining access to Mr. Little's room they ed burglar's pincers. The marks of the instrument was on the key. In addition to the evidence already mentioned Mr. Little heard his door shut, and knowing that it had been locked, suspected something wrong and quickly entered the hall where he discovered Howard standing close to the wall near his door.

They were arraigned yesterday, and asking for further time to prepare for a preliminary hearing, were granted until 10 a. m. to-day. The circumstantial evidence is so strong against them that they will undoubtedly be held to the grand jury.

Local Succotash.

The heated spell is already upon us and the festive mosquito is also upon us. Our citizens and the strangers within our gates are very partial to the shady side of the streets. Wire doors and canvas awnings are becoming popular, and everybody is sweating, sweltering and swearing at the heat. But let them suffer so long as the corn and wheat is being benefited by old Sol's smile. The corn hereabouts is fairly snapping in its growth, and already its green leaves wave high—well hardly high—in the breezes, and wheat is growing "like sixty," being over a foot in height, and the lowing herds are fattening on the tall and luscious grasses which cover our great ranges. The garden truck is looking vigorous. Large and tender lettuce is already one of the summer luxuries at the Merchant's. No section of the west is so far advanced in vegetation as the Bismarck region, and the prospects of a crop were never brighter for any country than they are for this. The TRIBUNE has no hesitancy in wagering a chip straw hat with any of its contempories that the products, especially wheat, of this section will take the blue ribbon at the Minneapolis fair next fall. "Put up or shut up."

The Banner City.

Mr. Holmes, of McKenzie & Holmes, reports an even four hundred applications for copies of the Banner City, published by them, by last Wednesday's mail. The states represented in these applications are principally Iowa, Illinois, Michigan, Ohio, Indiana, Maryland, Wisconsin, Missouri, Nebraska, Minnesota and Montana. The Banner City is full of reliable information in relation to the Missouri slope.

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TELEGRAPHIC

President Villard at Minneapolis.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 2.—President Villard, of the North Pacific railway, announced here to-day the fact that his company has closed the purchase from the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba railway company the latter's good will along the east bank of the Mississippi river between Watab and Anoka. He also states that the North Pacific company will now proceed to bridge the Mississippi at Anoka, and from that point extend their purchased line into Minneapolis. These changes assure to the North Pacific a continuous line from Minneapolis to Brainerd, on its trunk line, and from Minneapolis trains will reach St. Paul over the C. M. & St. P. short line track. The Manitoba company having disposed of its line on the east bank of the Mississippi, will now complete its west side, or St. Cloud & Minneapolis branch, which thus becomes their main line. President Villard has ordered work begun on the construction of freight house, depots and other structures in this city, and under the general harmonization of relations of his company and the Manitoba company, both corporations will jointly use the Union passenger depot now building here.

The Strikers.

SPRINGFIELD, June 2.—Everything is quiet here to-day. Both sides are simply waiting. The men held a meeting in the forenoon and passed resolutions embodying their views, and despatched them to President Jarrett. They profess to believe the strike will be of short duration.

CHICAGO, June 2.—There is little change in the situation in the strike this evening. The police have made several more arrests of persons supposed to have been concerned in the riot at Brighton last night, but the evidence is not conclusive. Grocerymen of Irondale have posted notices that strikers will be expected to settle their present accounts before receiving credit. An indignation meeting of strikers was held this afternoon, at which it was resolved to boycott the grocerymen, whom they considered leaders in the "no credit" movement. President Potter, of the north Chicago rolling mills, says he anticipates no trouble at his mills at South Chicago and Bayview, near Milwaukee, and he believes the strike here will collapse in a few days. He doesn't agree with the statement that there is an overstock on hand, but says there will be plenty of work to do.

Miners in a Bad Fix.

VIRGINIA CITY, June 2.—Early this morning a small hunting skiff, with Richard Bennett and Dennis Callahan on board, ventured into the Alta shaft in search of imprisoned miners. Neither have since been heard of, and it is feared that both have been suffocated by heat and gas. Shortly after, a German known as "Dutch George" tried to wade into the shaft, but soon returned delirious. He saw a light and boat, but no men. Two other men attempted to wade in, but found the heat and gas insupportable, and returned after going a short distance. Raps are still heard on the air pipe.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 2.—A Virginia City dispatch says that a miner named Pike, by wearing a helmet, has penetrated to the end of the Alta drift. He found the seven men all right. The only lives lost are those of the two men who went in with the boat.

Sorrow in Book Form.

NEW YORK, June 2.—Magnificently bound copies of the Jersey City Garfield memorial volume have been prepared for presentation to Queen Victoria and Mrs. Garfield. The volume intended for the Queen is inscribed: "To her majesty Victoria, Queen of England, etc. This volume is presented by the citizens of Jersey City, N. J., as a grateful tribute of affection for her sympathetic expressions for this people under its late national bereavement, and for the wreath of flowers which she caused to be laid on the bier of our deceased president. May the friendship between the two nations be perpetual." The volume intended for Mrs. Garfield bears the following inscription: "To Mrs. L R. Garfield, by the citizens of Jersey City, N. J., as containing their expressions of sorrow and sympathy for her late bereavement."

Renegades Routed.

DENVER, June 2.—A Tribune's Santa Fe dispatch states that General Fuero, commander of the Mexican troops in Chilmatira, with four hundred Mexican cavalry surprised and attacked Joe Fond, the renegade Apache, early this morning near Bosque De Santiago, and whipped them unmercifully. Thirty-seven were killed and ten taken prisoner. The entire camp outfit, including fifty head of stock, was captured. The Mexican loss was one officer and eight men killed, two officers and twelve men wounded. This, with the losses sustained in a previous fight with the United States and Mexican troops, leaves the hostiles badly demoralized. Raids are probable for some time to come.

The Day in Washington.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—The senate was not in session to-day, having adjourned until Monday.

The house spent most of the day considering the Alabama contest and the contested election case of Lowe vs. Wheeler. Mr. Cannon reported from the committee on appropriations, the legislative, judicial and executive bills, and Mr. Hiscock, from the same committee, reported back the general deficiency bill. Both reports were referred to committee of the whole and the house adjourned.

Crime in Ireland.

DUBLIN, June 2.—The Lord Chief Baron of the exchequer in Ireland, opening the Dublin commission to-day, said that fifty-six per cent of the crime in the city, and venty per cent in the country was undetected. This was a matter for grave reflection. As to the Phoenix Park murders, he understood there was no chance of bringing the perpetrators to justice.

Frank James and the Governor.

ST. LOUIS, June 5.—The Republican's Jefferson City special says Mrs. Samuels, mother of Frank James, Mrs. Frank James, Police Commissioner Craig and Marshal Murphy, of Kansas City, arrived there and had a conference with the governor to-day, with a view to securing executive clemency for Frank James. Mrs. Samuels presented a proposition to the governor, but what it was, or what the governor's reply was, can not be ascertained, as none of the party will give any information regarding the matter.

P. F. Haines, attorney for Mrs. James, also had a consultation with the governor to-day, and submitted three distinct propositions to him. This is understood from parties who, while they do not in any way endorse Frank James, nor are in sympathy with him so far as his crimes are concerned, yet believe that in the death of Jesse James and the breaking up of the gang the state has vindicated her good name, and that lenity to Frank will be good public policy at this time, and tend to restore peace and quiet. The conditions of these propositions could not be ascertained, all parties from his excellency down refusing to converse on the subject. Mr. Haine declined to give any information, but expressed himself as believing that the application will have its force with the executive, and sooner or later result satisfactorily. The governor declined also to be interviewed, and would say nothing further than to reiterate what he said before: "There will be no pardon until after conviction, and I will make no rash promises." It is understood that he declined to entertain any of the propositions on the ground that he could not consider them nor take action in the matter until it came before him from the law officers. Mr. Haine came here simply to represent citizens who believe executive clemency to Frank James advisable.

Oil Excitement.

BAXTER SPRINGS, Kans., June 5.—This forenoon a report was circulated that men engaged in digging a well for J. H. Naylor in the western part of town, had struck a flowing vein of petroleum at a depth of thirteen feet. Several business men at once went out and found several barrels of crude material had already been raised. Coal experts from the oil regions of Pennsylvania, pronounce it genuine crude petroleum of extra good quality. It is easily ignited by the flame of a match and is very combustible. The greatest excitement prevails, and $10,000 has been offered for the fifteen acre tract upon which the well is situated.

The Senators.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—In the senate the committee on rules was instructed to examine and report as to the power of the president pro tem to appoint a senator to perform the duties of the chair during his absence.

The army bill was discussed and an amendment, fixing the age of officers subject to compulsory retirement at sixty-four instead of sixty-two years, as in the bill, was adopted.

Resolutions were introduced inquiring into the alleged levying of political assessments upon government employes.

Mr. McMillan introduced a bill for an agreement with the Sioux or Dacotah Indians for the cession of a part of the great Sioux reservation.

A Drunken, Malignant Brute.

BOSTON, June 2—While T. Eastman was on a spree his little daughter aged 6 years, secured his whisky bottle and got drunk. Her father threatened to kill the child and she begged piteously for life, saying: "Pa, don't kill me now; I am drunk. Wait till I get sober." The infuriated parent dragged the child out of bed and beat her to death.

Lion-Tamer "Chawed Up."

LANSING, Mich., June 2.—A short time before the regular afternoon performance of Forepaugh's circus to-day, one of the keeper's went into a lion's den to clean it. The animal, with a roar of rage, bounded toward him and fastened his jaws upon one of the man's arms, and it was found necessary to shoot the animal in order to loosen his hold. The keeper's arm is fearfully lacerated, but hopes are entertained that it can be saved.

Murder at Coulson.

MILES CITY, June 3.—[Spe .al.]—Deputy Sheriff Preston was murdered at Coulson, yesterday, by a former partner and associate named Flaherty. Sheriff Irvine could give no particulars of the affray, as the wire is down between here and there. A second deputy is on his way down to Miles City with the corpse.

Heavy Fire at Quebec.

QUEBEC, June 2.—The Grand Trunk railway station and sheds, and the Dominion, Ontario and Quebec immigration sheds and offices at South Quebec, burned to-night. Several Inter-Colonial and Grand Trunk cars were also burned. Benoit's hotel, adjoining the station, was gutted. The loss is variously estimated at from $100,000 to $400,000.

Death of Garibaldi.

ROME, June 3.—Garibaldi is dead.

MADDALENA, June 3.—Garibaldi's will, dated September 17, 1881, orders that his body be cremated, and the ashes preserved in a porphyry urn near the tomb of his child. He entrusts the execution of his wishes to his wife.

Dissatisfied Knights.

PHILADELPHIA, June 2.—The Knights of Labor, being dissatisfied with the greenback state ticket, have sent printed blanks to every labor organization in the state, asking them whether they favor holding a labor convention in July.

The Year's Railway Construction.

CHICAGO, June 1.—The Railway Age says that during the first five months of 1882, 3,480 miles of road have been built. The largest amount of track-laying has been in Texas, and the smallest amount in New Mexico.

Chicago's Labor War.

CHICAGO, June 5.—Work is resumed at one of the docks of the Joliet iron and steel company, under protection of the police. The detectives are still watching out for the Chicago & Alton train mobbers. A large number of arrests have been made, but in each case an alibi has been proven. It is now believed the rioters were Bridgeport roughs, led by a few strikers.

Ex-Prisoner's Reunion.

DAYTON, O., June 5.—The soldiers' home at Dayton has been determined on for holding the annual reunion of ex-prisoners of war, and the time set for Wednesday and Thursday, June 14 and 15. There will be a reception in the city, of which Gov. Foster, Hon. J. G. Blaine and other prominent persons are to be present and address the meeting.

The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul

MILWAUKEE, June 5.—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad to-day the old board of directors was re-elected with the exception of David Dows, who retires, James S. Woodward, of New York, being substituted. The old officers were re-elected.

A Train that Wasn't Robbed.

GALVESTON, June 5.—Four masked men flagged a Missouri Pacific express train near Denton early this morning, but as they were boarding the cars suspicion was aroused and the robbers were met with a volley from the passengers' revolvers which put them to flight.

Spoiled Sport.

BOSTON, June 5.—The proposed hard-glove fight between Benny Green and Jimmy Murray was prevented by the police. Many sports were present from NEW YORK, Providence and other eastern cities.

Locomotive vs. Caboose.

PRAIRIE DU CHIEN, June 5.—A locomotive collided with the caboose of a construction train at a gravel pit near this city, this morning, telescoping it and seriously injuring five men.

Garibaldi's Ashes.

LONDON, June 5.—A correspondent at Rome telegraphs that the remains of Garibaldi will be cremated Wednesday. The services attending the cremation will be of a non-religious character.

Studious Little "Injuns."

CARLISLE, Pa., June 1.—A great many people attended the annual examination at the Indian school. The boys and girls show marked progress in all departments.

Shipwreck at Chicago.

CHICAGO, June 5—The schooner Yankee Blade is ashore at south Chicago, a total wreck.

Telegraphic Ticks.

"Gopher Bill," the counterfeiter, was captured yesterday in Philadelphia.

Congressman Beltzhoover, of the Carlisle, (Pa.) district, has been renominated.

Ex-Sheriff Johnson, of Hancock county, Mo., is under arrest for alleged embezzlement.

The international typographical union began its 30th annual session yesterday in St. Louis.

The Pennsylvania supreme court has dissolved nineteen more mutual insurance companies.

Gillespie, of the Troy base ball club, was seriously injured in a game, Saturday, in New York.

The body of a murdered stranger was found floating in the river, Sunday, at Lawrence, Kan.

Lieut. Augustine Hewett, of the Twenty-second U. S. Infantry died Sunday at San Antonio, Tex.

The Washington Post says the president will veto the act disposing of the balance of the Geneva award.

James Winnpenny, an eccentric bachelor of Manayunk, Pa,, hung himself yesterday. He was worth $250,000.

The city of Wilmington, Del., was carried by the republicans in the recent municipal election by 150 majority.

Wm. Coleman, a miner, was precipitated 118 feet to the bottom of a shaft at La Salle, Ill., and instantly killed.

The schooner Industry went down in lake Michigan, off South Haven, Sunday, and the entire crew was drowned.

A portion of the union passenger depot at Atchison, Kas., was destroyed by fire Sunday evening, causing a loss of $12,000.

Agricultural reports from eighteen counties of Kansas show an increase of cultivated lands over last year of 189.333 acres.

Parson Barnes, of Shannon county, Mo., is charged with ravishing his little step-daughter, 13 years of age, and "skipping" the country.

The Italian council postponed the national fete and adjourned until the 12th inst., and a deputation will attend the funeral of Garibaldi.

Caleb Campbell, a negro, who attempted a criminal assault on Mrs. Rains, at Charleston, S. C., was taken from the jail by a mob and hanged.

Robert S. Montgomery, president of the savings bank at Shelbyville, Tenn., is under arrest, charged with swindling G. H. Small & Co., of St. Louis, out of $10,000.

Court has been in session at Yankton day and night during the past week rehearing the case of Geo. Knowlton, charged with murdering David Rauck in 1877 at Pierre.

George Ellis, one of the brutal murderers of the Gibbons girls, at Ashland, Ky., last December, was taken from the Catlettsburg jail, Sunday night, by a masked mob and hanged.

Bishop Gilmour, of the Catholic church at Cleveland, having threatened to excommunicate lady members of his church who are members of the ladies' land league, the latter informed him that they won't disband, and they defy him to carry out his threat. The fight excites much interest.

John Pettit, of Cleveland, LeSeur county, Minn., suspecting that Eugene Kentland was too sociable with his wife, set a trap which resulted in his finding Kentland in bed with Mrs. Pettit. He drew his knife and stabbed Kentland in the abdomen. The latter in his night shirt, and with the blood streaming down his bare legs, fled across lots to St. Peter, where his wound was dressed, and where he was arrested to answer to the charge of adultery.

Steele Siftings.

STEELE, D. T., June 5.—This town is a boomer for a sixty-day town, and Bismarck merchants have doubtless become aware of this fact by the orders for goods sent from this point. The new $3,000 hotel is now receiving the finishing touches and will be opened to the public in about ten days. Mrs. McGowan, a young, bright and vivacious Washington lady, is the proprietress. The railroad is now working about 100 men near Steele with headquarters at this point. Mr. Steele has just finished the boarding house for their use. Mr. Steele is also working a large gang of men at different points east and west of Steele, in getting out boulders for the company and lining up cuts. New ties are being strung along from this point west and in a few days the company begin laying steel rails. By fall the North Pacific trains will be running on steel from Brainerd to Bismarck and the roadbed will be second to none in the country.

A new wagon shop was begun to-day, and Mr. Smith's carpenter shop is nearly finished. Stebbin's store was also begun yesterday. Messrs. Whitley and Clock have located here, and will begin to-day the erection of one of the finest store buildings on the line. They will put in a general stock of goods, and will also deal extensively in lands, and aid settlers to procure first-class homes. There are a dozen or more buildings now under construction, and it is safe to predict that by the time the town is four months old there will be over 100 finished. Settlers are coming in every day and settling north and south, Steele in Kidder county, and west in Burleigh county. They are all well pleased with the land.

A New Map.

Last evening Messrs. McKenzie & Holmes received a proof sheet of their new map, showing the Missouri slope and the tributary farming country to Bismarck. The map is a large one, being about fourteen inches wide and thirty inches long. It takes in Burleigh, Kidder, Emmons, Logan, Sheridan, Wells, Stevens, McHenry, Bottineau and Renville counties, aed shows the prospective lines of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul; the Chicago & Northwestern, and the Bismarck, Mouse River, Turtle Mountain and Manitoba railroads. The map was gotten up by Mr. Holmes and engraved by the Heliotype Printing Company, Boston, and is a superior arti le in the map line, It will prove a favorite to land seekers.

Notice.

All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or tresspassing upon any portion of the sw ¼ of sec. 32, town 139 n, range 80 w.,

Known as the Jackman Claim,

and lying within the corporate limits of the ctiy of Bismarck. JOHN J. JACKMAN.
61tfd&w

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— OF —
LITERATURE

In Bismarck and vicinity will find upon our counters at all times the following papers, magazines, etc., of latest dates:

New York Weekly	New York Herald
" Ledger	Chicago Times
Fireside Companion	" Inter-Ocean
Saturday Night	Irish World
Waverly Magazine	Detroit Free Press
Chimney Corner	Peck's Sun
Family Story Paper	St. Louis
Harper's Weekly	Globe Democrat
" Young People	Missouri Republican
" Bazaar	Sacramento, Cal., Record Union
" Monthly Magazine	Chicago World
Leslie's Pop. Monthly	St. Paul Pioneer Press
" Illust'd Weekly	Bismarck Daily Tribune
" Boys and Girls Weekly	Denver Tribune
	Texas Sittings
" Young America	Puck (illustrated)
" Budget of Fun	Judge "
Police Gazette	Chaff "
" News	San Francisco Wasp Ill
New York Clipper	N.Y. Graphic illustrated
[illegible] the Times	Tousey's "
and Stream	Boys and Girls Weekly
Rural	Boys of New York
American	Boys Champion
Ladies' Journal	Seaside Library
Lady's Book	Lakeside "
Peterson's Magazine	Wide Awake "
Century "	Champion "
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A large and first-class stock of tobacco, cigars, stationery, fancy notions, etc. Our subscription books for all of the above papers and periodicals are now open. Subscriptions taken for a week, a month or a year.

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44-44

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Sheriff's Sale.

TERRITORY OF DAKOTA, COUNTY OF Burleigh, ss.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered, and now in my hands, issued out of the clerk's office of the third judicial district court, territory of Dakota, in and for the county of Burleigh upon a judgment duly rendered in said court in favor of David Stewart and against J. W. Montague, defendant, I have levied upon the following described personal property of said defendant, to-wit: one bay colt four years old and one pony colt four years old. And I shall on Tuesday the 13th day of June, A. D. 1882, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the front door of the court house in the city of Bismarck in said county and territory, proceed to sell all the right, title and interest of the above named J. W. Montague in and to the above described property to satisfy said judgment and costs, amounting to two hundred and forty-one dollars and fifty cents, together with all accruing costs of sale, and interest on the same from the 30th day of May, 1882, at the rate of seven per cent per annum, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash.

ALEXANDER MCKENZIE,
Sheriff Burleigh County, D. T.
Dated, Bismarck, D. T., May 30, 1882 52-1

Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. LAND OFFICE at Bismarck D. T., May 27, 1882.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and secure final entry thereof at this office at 11 o'clock a. m., July 8, 1882, viz.:

Michael Wagner,

H. E. No. 427 for the southwest quarter section 20, township 139 north, range 72 west, and names the following as his witnesses, to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said tract, viz.: Michael Wagner, L. Conu y Rhoads, E. J. Raymond and Pat Harrington, all of Kidder county; postoffice address, Dawson, D. T.

52-4 JOHN A. REA, Register.

Notice of Contest.

U. S. LAND OFFICE at Bismarck, D. T., May 31, 1882

Complaint having been entered at this office by John Keating against Samuel E. Caughren for abandoning his homestead entry No. 304, dated May 2d, 1882, upon the west half of the northeast quarter; west half of the southeast quarter, section 18, township 139 north, range 77 west, in Burleigh county, D T., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 3d day of July, 1882, at 2 o'clock p. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

JOHN A. REA, Register,
52-4 E. M. BROWN, Receiver.

Notice of Contest.

U. S. LAND OFFICE at Bismarck, Dakota, May 22, 1882.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Mary I. B. Wixson against the heirs of Adoniram Gilmore, deceased, for failure to cultivate the land embraced in his homestead entry No. 276, dated April, 1881, being the west half of the southwest quarter, section 26, township 139, range 80, in Burleigh county, D. T., with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 24th day of June, 1882, at 11 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

JOHN A. REA, Register.
51-3 EDWARD M. BROWN, Receiver

TERRITORY OF DAKOTA, County of Burleigh, } In District Court, 3d Judicial District.

I. C. Black, Plaintiff, against Isaac Thompson, Defendant. } Summons.

The Territory of Dakota sends greeting to Isaac Thompson, Defendant.

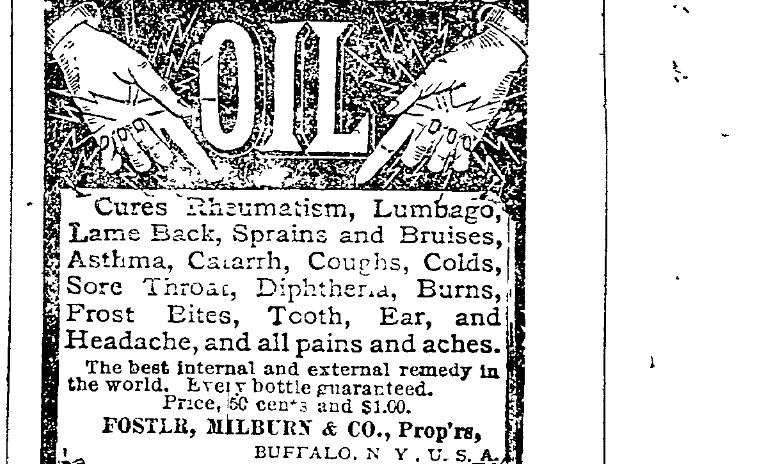
You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the Plaintiff in this action, a copy of which will be filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of said county, and serve a copy of your answer upon the subscribers at their office in the city of Bismarck, in said county, within thirty days from the date of this summons upon you exclusive of the day of such service. If you fail to answer the complaint within that time the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint besides the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated Bismarck, D. T., this 2d day of June 1882.

FLANNERY & WETHERBY,
Plaintiffs Attorneys, Bismarck, D. T.

I hereby certify that the complaint in the above action was filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of said county, on the 27th day of May, 1881.

E. N. COREY,
52-7 Clerk of the District Court.



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The Bismarck Tribune.

Another Big Real Estate Transfer.

In 1872 W. B. Shaw, of Shaw & Cathcart, St Paul, located at Bismarck and engaged in a general supply trade. Mr. Shaw erected a large tent on the lot at the corner of Fourth and Main streets, and did a business that was simply immense during that summer. When winter came the tent was covered with cottonwood boards and the inside papered. It wasn't very warm, but it was used to excellent advantage during the winter of 1872 3, and summer of 1873. In 1874 Mr. Shaw went out of business, and his building—tent rather—was rented to J. W. Raymond at a good round figure, and by him put in pretty good repair In that building the Bank of Bismarck, now the Bismarck National bank, was started When Raymond's brick block was built the bank was moved to its present location, and the corner was soon afterward occupied by Mr Eppinger, who took a three years lease of it at $100 per month This lease will expire next May, and it is possible possession can not be gained until then The building on this lot is not worth $300, and yet it rents at the figure stated

Mr Shaw some years ago presented this property to his wife, and the then magnificent present now amounts to a neat sum, as Friday this lot was purchased by the First National bank for $8 000 cash, and on it will be erected a magnificent brick structure, but whether before next season remains to be determined. There is a question whether this or the corner on which the Bismarck National Bank is building is the best Sentiment is divided. There is nothing better, surely The First National bought the corner of Second and Main street last summer, and there are indications that they purpose removing the old buildings and putting up something more substantial on that corner When home capital begin to show faith in Bismarck, as the two banks have shown faith, and our home people begin to improve their real estate, there is reason to hope that a day of more substantial things is being ushered in for Bismarck.

The two banks will build, and neither will erect a snide affair. Buildings that will be considered among the best for twenty years to come will surely be put up, and others will take of their spirit and do likewise

In speaking of the above sale the property has been mentioned as belonging to W B Shaw. Of course it's the same thing, but in reality it belonged to Mrs. Shaw.

Our Cool and Damp Spring.

Col Thompson says that the cool and damp spring should not surprise anyone. Not ought it to have required the predictive power of Vennor, or any other "Old Probabilities," or weather prophet, to predict with approximate certainty the temperature of the past spring and coming summer The observation and experience of many years, in all countries where such observations have been taken and recorded for the world's benefit, has demonstrated that each and every year, when taken as a whole, has very nearly the same mean temperature. The days and weeks and months, and even whole seasons, may fluctuate and vary, but the mean temperature of the whole year remains nearly the same This peculiarity applies to most similarly situated localities Hence, if the peculiarities of an unusual season, or half year, has become known, as the fact that at this place it was unusually warm all winter, it follows that in order to attain the ordinary mean the balance of the year must average more than usually cold. As in summer the air is more saturated with vapor than in the winter, and as the vapor is condensed by cold weather, it was easy to predict that it would be unusually wet And what is still more important and encouraging, is that this kind of weather produces more wheat, oats, rye and barley; more food for stock, and more esculent roots than any other conceivable, and to verify this, the crops are now looking finer and more promising than in any former year since farming commenced.

The Bismarck Mail Routes.

The contractor on the route from Bismarck to Fort Buford is W. A. Stoddard, of Camden, Oneida county, New York Mr Stoddard is also the contractor on the route from Bismarck to Fort Sully. G. M Brown, of Conneaut, Ashtabula county, Ohio, is the contractor on the route from Bismarck to Fort Yates. Under the new schedule, which takes effect July 1st, the mail will leave Bismarck for Fort Berthold Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 a m, and arrive at Berthold next day at 5 p m Leave Berthold Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 a m, and arrive at Bismarck next days at 7 p m Leave Berthold at 6 a. m. Mondays and arrive at Buford at 6 p m. Wednesday Leave Buford at 6 a. m. Thursdays and arrive at Berthold Saturdays at 6 p m

The mail will leave Bismarck for Sully on Mondays at 6 a m., and arrive at that point Thursdays at 6 p m. Leave Sully Thursdays at 6 a. m, and arrive at Bismarck Mondays at 5 p. m

The mail will leave for Fort Yates daily except Sunday at 8 a. m, and arrive by 12 p m next day. Leave Fort Yates daily, except Sunday, at 2 p. m, and arrive at Bismarck next day by 6 p. m.

The Jewish Refugees.

Julius Austrian, a leading commission merchant of St. Paul, and the owner of several steamers on Lake Superior, arrived a few days ago with a party of Russian Jewish refugees, whom he located at Painted Woods, thirty miles north of Bismarck, where they have taken claims, purchased railroad lands and will establish a village. They located in the immediate vicinity of Wm. Falconer's, and purchased the improved farm owned by Nick Bellmore. The settlement now consists of twenty-two families. They will be joined by sixty additional families in a few weeks. They are pleased with the country, and feel under great obligations to Mr. Austrian, who conducted them to this locality as agent for the American relief association. It is said that Russia loses $200,000,000 by the exodus of the Jews whom she has oppressed beyond endurance.

The Business Thermometer.

The First National bank of Bismarck was organized Aug. 6, 1879, beginning business Oct. 1, 1879, having for its basis the business of the Merchants Bank of Bismarck, established a year and a half previous by Geo. H. Fairchild, its present president, and Walter Mann and W. R. Merriam, of St. Paul. The first board of directors were Walter Mann, Geo. H. Fairchild, H. R. Porter, Asa Fisher and Dan Eisenberg. Walter Mann was chosen president, and Geo. H. Fairchild, cashier.

The bank remained under this organization until Jan. 26, 1882, when Geo. H. Fairchild was chosen president, Asa Fisher, vice president, W. A. Dillon, casnier, and F. W. McKinney, assistant cashier.

The First National was established when banking in Bismarck was looked upon with a great deal of doubt by capital seeking that kind of investment, and subscriptions to the capital stock were secured with no little difficulty. The bank was established, however, and since its organization, two and one-half years ago, has paid dividends amounting to twenty eight per cent, not to speak of its $8,725 25 undivided profits and a premium of $10,000, which its bonds deposited to secure circulation are worth over and above their cost.

It has steadily grown in favor, until its line of discounts and deposits can not fail to be regarded with more than ordinary interest by those familiar with banking, and there would be less difficulty to-day in increasing its capital stock to $250,000 than there was in 1879 in establishing the bank with a capital of $50,000.

According to its statement, published to-day, the resources of the First National amount to $257,194.09. Their loans and discounts aggregate $166,111.14. Their deposits, subject to check, amount to $62,191.79; demand certificates of deposit to $15,714.95, and their time certificates of deposit to $47,574 63. The condition shown by this statement requires no comment.

As stated yesterday, the First National bank has purchased of Mrs. W. B. Shaw the lot now occupied by Mr. Eppinger, at the corner of Main and Fourth streets, paying therefor the sum of eight thousand dollars, and they will in due time erect a building thereon that will be second to none in Dakota.

That the First National is carefully and popularly managed, there can be no doubt after a glance at its statement, to which the TRIBUNE calls attention with pride. It shows a solid Bismarck institution. Its stock holders are among our best citizens, and their faith in Bismarck and in its future is best shown by their investments, not only as individuals but as an organization.

The stockholders of the First National bank are as follows: Geo. H. Fairchild, Asa Fisher, H. R. Porter, Dan Eisenberg, H. F. Douglas, Alice Flannery, D. W. Maratta, J. H. Fairchild, Henry Viets, T. M. Joslin, E. L. Strauss, Dr. H. N. Porter, Annie Shaw, Josephus Todd, Mary C. Bigelow, Gen. W. P. Carlin, Capt. C. S. Roberts, M. W. Fairfield and Elizabeth McClellan.

The only change in the directory since organization, occurred last week. H. F. Douglas was chosen to succeed Walter Mann, resigned.

The Civil Sabbath.

In pursuance to the call made in Sunday's TRIBUNE a goodly representation of Bismarck's solid business men gathered at the Presbyterian church on last Sabbath evening. Mr. G. H. Fairchild being elected chairman stated in a brief manner the object of the meeting to be to devise ways and means for the better observance of the civil Sabbath. After some interesting discussion of the pros and cons a committee consisting of Geo. H. Fairchild, J. A. McLean, C. S. Weaver, J. W. Raymond, and R. R. Marsh were appointed to take such measures for concerted action for closing our places of business so far as practicable on Sundays, as they see best.

Wheat on the Hayes Farm.

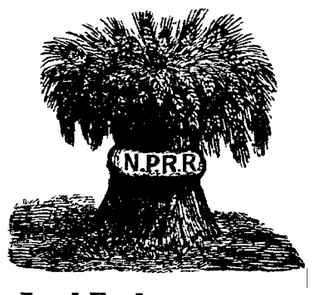
Wheat on the Hayes farm sown early in April now stands nineteen inches in height. It covers the ground evenly and promises a yield that is simply immense. Mr. Cushman, the manager of this farm, left with John Davidson a sample of the wheat from the last crop on this farm for Mr. Villard. It weighs 66 lbs per bushel. and a little brass kettle, the standard measure, was left with the sample in order to enable any doubter to measure accurately the weight. The oats raised on this farm weighed 40 lbs per bushel, and yielded 50 bushels per acre.

No Punched Coin.

The postoffice will not take punched coin hereafter. Dimes with holes are worth but five cents; quarters but fifteen cents, half dollars but thirty-five cents, and dollars but seventy-five cents. Nickles, five cent pieces, and pennies are of no value if punched. Trade dollars, punched coin, and Canadian money can not be received for postage stamps or money orders.

Beer to the Front.

Mr. C. R. Williams reports that his orders from the west during the past three days have been greater by half than for any previous time. This shows the popularity of a first-class article. Fresh beer on tap is a delicious beverage and laboring men having once tasted of it, will drink no more bottled goods. Mr. Williams has arranged for patent improved faucets, and those handling his keg beer should send to him and get one at cost price.

The Northern  Pacific Railroad

To the Land Explorer,
To the Business Man,
To the Farmer,
To the Mechanic,
To the Laborer,
To the Sportsman,
To the Tourist,
To the Miner

TO ALL CLASSES!

For Sure and Good Crops.
For Remunerative Investments,
For Business Opportunities
For Weird Scenery.

For the Raising of Wheat,
For the Raising of Stock
For Ready and Cash Markets.
For a Healthy Climate

The country traversed by the

Northern Pacific

HAS

NO EQUAL.

SAVE MONEY

By purchasing tickets through, and buying them before getting on trains.

Round trip tickets are sold at all ticket offices to all stations at reduced rates.

Pullman Sleeping Cars between Bismarck and Glendive, and Bismarck and St. Paul; also between Fargo and Duluth Berths can be secured through J Davidson, agent. Bismarck.

Coupon tickets on sale at Bismarck to all eastern points at lowest rates and baggage checked through.

G. K. BARNES, Gen. Pass and Ticket Agt, St. Paul.

G. H. Fairchild, Prest. W. A. Dillon, Cash'r.
Asa Fisher, Vice Pres't. F. W. McKinney, Ass't Cash'r.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BISMARCK,

BISMARCK, - - DAKOTA

Capital, - - - - - - - $50,000
Surplus and Undivided Profits, 5,000

DIRECTORS:
G H. FAIRCHILD, H. R. PORTER,
ASA FISHER. DAN EISENBERG.
H. F. DOUGLASS

Correspondents:
American Exchange Nat. Bank, New York.
First National Bank, Chicago.
Merchants Nat. Bank, St. Paul.

Exchange on all the Principal Cities of Europe. Collections Receive Prompt Attention. Interest Allowed on Time Deposits

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ANY BUSINESS IN OUR LINE.

Carpenter & Cary,

Land Agents

N. P. R. R. CO.,

Mandan, D. T

Town Lots in all parts of Mandan. Desirable lots in the N. P, addition to Mandan. If you want to buy or sell, call on

Carpenter & Cary.

44th

Popular Monthly Drawing of the

COMMONWEALTH DISTRIBUTION CO.

In the City of Louisville, on

Wednesday, May 31, 1882.

These drawings occur monthly [Sundays excepted] under provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of Kentucky.

The United States Circuit Court on March 31st rendered the following decisions:

1st—That the Commonwealth Distribution Company is legal,

2d—Its drawings are not fraudulent.

The Company has now on hand a large reserve fund. Read the list of prizes for the

MAY DRAWING.

1 Prize	$30,000	100 Prizes	$100 ea	$10,000
1 Prize	10,000	200 Prizes	50 ea	10,000
1 Prize	5,000	600 Prizes	20 ea	12,000
10 Pri's	$1,000 ea 10,000	1,000 Prices	10 ea	10,000
20 Prizes	500 ea 10,000			
9 Prizes	$300 ea, Approximation Prizes,			$2,700
9 Prizes	200 ea. " "			1,800
8 Prizes	100 ea, " "			900
1,960 Prizes,				$112,400

Whole Tickets, $2. Half Tickets, $1.
27 Tickets, $50 55 Tickets, $100.

Remit Money or Bank Draft in Letter, or send by Express. DON'T SEND BY REGISTERED LETTER OR POSTOFFICE ORDER. Orders of $5 and upwards, by Express, can be sent at our expense. Address all orders to R. M. Boardman, Courier Journal Building, Louisville, Ky., or R. M. Boardman, 309 Broadway, New York.

YOU CAN TRAVEL 4000 MILES

THROUGH

ILLINOIS. WISCONSIN, IOWA, MINNESOTA and DAKOTA,

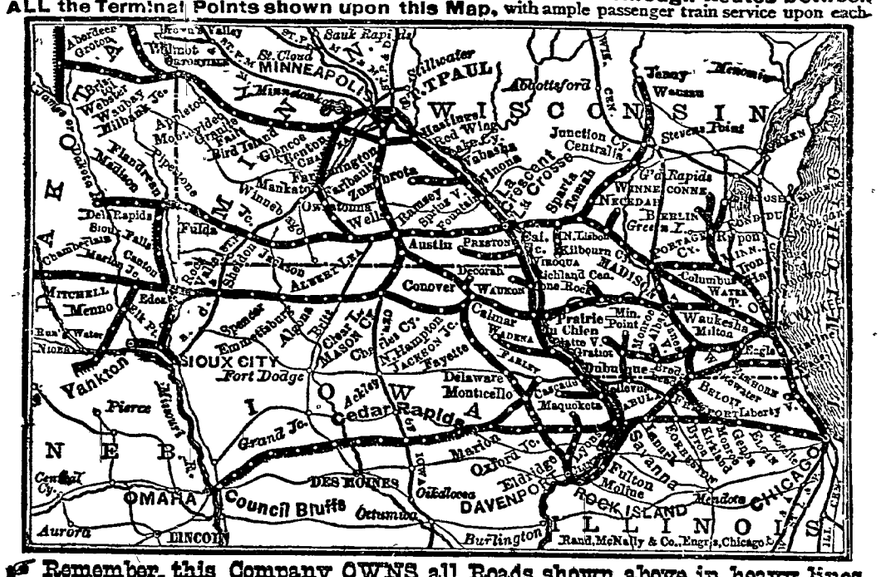
OVER THE ROADS OF THE

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & St. PAUL R'Y CO.,

Without doubling on your tracks. This magnificent system reaches almost every important TOWN, CITY and SUMMER RESORT in the GREAT NORTHWEST. It includes the only Through unbroken lines owned by any one Company, Between Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Minneapolis, and forms with its connections the picturesque

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY ROUTE,

Between St. Louis and Northern Minneapolis. It also includes Through Routes between ALL the Terminal Points shown upon this Map, with ample passenger train service upon each.



Remember, this Company OWNS all Roads shown above in heavy lines.

Reference to the Official Railway Guides or the Time Tables published by the Company, will show that the C., M. & St. P. can take you in its Splendid Passenger Trains, at Express Speed, over its own Superb Tracks, FROM almost anywhere TO almost anywhere in the Five Great States named above.

ITS ROAD-BED, SUPERSTRUCTURE and EQUIPMENTS COMBINE ALL MODERN IMROVEMENTS, AND ARE PERFECT IN EVERY PARTICULAR

It runs its own MAGNIFICENT SLEEPERS upon all Through Trains, and its own PARLOR CARS—the finest in the world.

Its RAILROAD HOTELS and DINING HALLS are noted for their superior excellence.

While it connects the prominent Business Centres of the Northwest, it has also upon its lines more Health and Pleasure Resorts and greater Scenic Attractions than any other system of roads upon the continent.

Its Magnificent New Union Depot, on Madison, Canal and Adams Streets, Chicago, is the most elegant and commodius Passenger Station in the United States.

It is conceded by the Traveling Public, to be in all things, THE LEADING LINE.

S. S. MERRILL, Gen'l Manager. W. C. VAN HORNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. V. H. CARPENTER, Gen'l Pass and Ticket Agt. J. H. PAGE, Ass't Gen'l Pass Agt

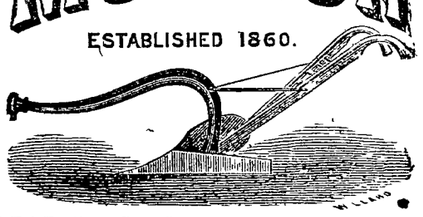
THE

MONITOR PLOW WORKS.

Minneapolis, Minnesota.

MONITOR

ESTABLISHED 1860.



MANUFACTURERS OF THE CELEBRATED MONITOR

Plows, Breakers, Sulky Plows, Sulky Rakes and Cultivators.

Having had twenty-one years' experience in making Plows and Breakers for the Northwest, and built up a trade second to none in rapid and substantial growth, we now take pleasure in announcing that we are greatly enlarging our capacity for 1882. and making substantial improvements in our facilities for supplying the best of goods at the lowest possible prices.

The Monitor Plow! We use only Solid Steel for Shares and Moldboards. No iron back or iron center steel in ours. The objection being that in grinding and polishing there is very little Steel left and plows cannot be durable.

THE MONITOR IS THE LIGHTEST DRAFT, SCOURS BEST, TURNS BEST, and is stronger and more durable than any other plow made.

THE MONITOR HAY RAKE.—Double coil, oil tempered teeth, adjustable lever, the largest and best wheels in use, best made and best finished rakes.

W. B. JACKSON, Secretary Monitor Plow Works, Minneapolis, Minn.

SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS

—In CONVENIENCE,—

DURABILITY, ECONOMY,

—AND—

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION.

BUY THE BEST!

SOLD BY LEADING DEALERS EVERYWHERE.

Marshal's Notice of Sale.

The United States vs. the steamboat Peninah her tackle, apparel, and furniture.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas issued out of the district court of the United States of America for the first judicial district of Montana Territory, and to me directed and delivered. I shall sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, on the 28th day of November. A. D., 1881, at 10 o'clock a. m., above ferry landing on the west side of the Missouri river near Bismarck, Dakota Territory, the steamboat Peninah, her tackel, apparel, and furniture condemned at the suit of the United States. ALEX. C. BOTKIN,
U. S. Marshal, District of Montana.
Dated. Helena, Montana, October 27, 1881.
D5-I2-19-26.

The above sale is hereby postponed until the 7th day of December, A. D. 1881, by order of the U. S. marshal for the District of Montana.
Nov. 28, 1881.

The above sale is hereby postponed until Saturday, December 10, at 10 o'clock, a. m., by order of ALEX C. BOTKIN,
U. S. Marshal. Dist. Montana.
By J. H. Hathaway, Dep't Marshal.

The above sale is hereby postponed until Thursday, December 29, 1881, at 10 o'clock a. m. By order of
ALEX C. BOTKIN,
U. S. Marshall, Dist. Montana.
By Deputy Marshal Ayott.
December 10, A. D., 1881.

The above sale is hereby postponed until Wednesday, January 4th. 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m. By order of Alex C. Botkin, United States marshal for the district of Montana.
By A. P. Ayott, United States deputy marshal

The above sale is hereby postponed until Thursday, January 5th. 1882 at 10 o'clock a. m. by order of Alex. C. Botkin, United States marshal for district of Montana by
A. P. AYATT, Deputy Marshal.
January 3. 1881.

The above sale is hereby postponed until Wednesday, the 8th day of February, 1882 at 2 o'clock p. m. ALEX. BOTKIN,
U. S. Marshal Dist. Montana.
By J. W. HATHAWAY, Deputy Marshal.
Dated, Bismarck, D. T., January 5, 1882.

The above sale is hereby postponed until April 3d, at 10 a. m., 1882, by order of Alex C. Botkin, United States marshal for the district of Montana territory. By
A. P. AYATT, Deputy Marshal.
Dated. Bismarck, D. T., Feb. 8, 1882. 46-43

The above sale is hereby postponed until May the 13th, 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m. By order of
ALEX. C. BOTKIN,
U. S. Marshal for the District of Montana.
By A. P. AYOTT, Deputy U. S. Marshal,
April 3rd, 1882.

The above sale is hereby postponed until the twenty-second day of June. 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m., By order of Alex. C. Botkin, U. S. marshal for the district of Montana.
A. P. AYATT, Deputy Marshal.
May 13th, 1882.

Notice of Final Proof.

U S. LAND OFFICE AT BISMARCK, Dakota, March 20, 1882.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and secure final entry thereof at this office at 11 a. m. June 22, 1882, under section 2,301, R. S. viz.:

Alfred Birchett. Jr.,

H. E. No. 296, made April 26, 1882, for the s. e. ¼ of sec 10. tp 139, r 71, w, and names the following as his witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said tract viz: John Van Deusen, Edwin Van Deusen, John Clausen and John Williamson, all of Kidder county, D. T. P. O, address, Jamestown.
J. A. REA,
49t5pd Register.

Notice of Final Proof.

LAND OFFICE at Bismarck, D. T., May 13, 1882.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and secure final entry thereof at this office at 10 a. m., on the 15th day of May, 1882, viz.:

Jeremiah Duane,

D. S., No. 377, filed March 17, 1882. alleging settlement the same day, for the northeast quarter, section 10, township 140 north, range 80 west, and names the following as his witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said tract. viz.: John Waldron, Ed. Hackett, William Franklin and Frank Miller. all of Burleigh county; postoffice address. Bismarck, D.T.
50-2 JOHN A. REA. Register.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Office of Comptroller of the Treasury,
WASHINGTON, May 3, 1882.

Whereas by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned it has been made to appear that "the Bismarck National Bank," in the city of Bismarck, in the county of Burleigh and territory of Dakota has complied with all the provisions of the revised statutes of the United States, required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of banking.

Now, therefore, I, John Jay Knox, comptroller of the currency, do hereby certify that "the Bismarck National Bank" in the city of Bismarck, in the county of Burleigh. and territory of Dakota is authorized to commence the business of banking as provided in section fifty-one hundred and sixty-nine, of the revised statutes of the United States.

In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of my office this 3d day of May, 1882.
[Seal] JOHN JAY KNOX.
No. 2677. Comptroller of the Currency.
(49-61

$1,500 per year can be easily made at home working for E. G. Ridout & Co., 10 Barclay street New York. Send for their catalogue and price list.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The Bismarck Tribune.

THE CITY.

It was hot again yesterday.

Sig Hanauer is doing a moving business nowadays.

Shall we celebrate or go over to Mandan to have a little fun on the 4th?

Flannery & Wetherby, real estate boomers, report a good week's transactions.

The lightning flashed all around the horizon last night, but there was no rain.

Let us all talk about celebrating the 4th. Agitation does the business, you know.

Alexander Duncan has opened a general blacksmith and jobbing shop, corner Fourth and Thayer streets.

Billy Preston, who was murdered at Coulson on the first, was an old Bismarcker, and well liked in this community.

Dr. Kellogg, dentist, of Decorah, Iowa, has rented the building adjoining the Montana market, and will engage in the practice of his profession. His wife is with him.

Judge Van Etten, who has lived on his homestead eight or nine years, on Monday proved up. It is one of the best claims in this section. It's adjoining the city on the east.

Isaac Ross, the attorney from Connecticut, who purchased city property in Bismarck early last spring, has returned with his family. He will practice his profession in this city.

E. A. Williams, proprietor of Williams' addition to Bismarck, has laid the foundation for a fine residence on block ninety-four in his addition. He will occupy the entire block.

The new military telegraph line to Maginnis is being built rapidly. It is now beyond Milk river, and the posts for the wire stringing the river at Carrol will be erected this week.

No city in the United States has better streets naturally than Bismarck. All that is now needed is an established grade so that expensive buildings can be erected on the proper level.

The land office of McKenzie & Holmes and N. P. Land Agent Willcox is lined with maps of every description. You can learn of every foot of farming land in Burleigh or Kidder county at this office.

Nearly every train from the east brings several car loads of stock. It is estimated that an average of seventy-five a day arrive at Bismarck. Some is left here, and the balance goes on into the Yellowstone valley.

Prof. Proctor, the professional hard hitter, intends to make a tour of the towns east along the line of the North Pacific. He will probably give his first exhibition of the manly art of self defence at Jamestown Saturday night.

A crazy man, formerly a railroad section boss above Glendive, was taken through here east. He was a very violent maniac. Old Charley went out by the same train, and was much amused by the other unfortunate's ravings.

Mr. Alex Cummings, who has inspected the country from the Red river valley to Billings, returned to Bismarck yesterday. He is satisfied with this region and intends to locate here and purchase a farm and city property.

Alex McKenzie has been busy all the week locating settlers and selling land. He has traveled over two hundred miles all told, and has only been able to eat half a dozen meals at home. McKenzie is a genuine land boomer.

The Grand Lodge F. and A. M., of the territory of Dakota, convenes at Watertown, D. T., Tuesday, June 13th. Bismarck Lodge No. 16 sends as delegates John Davidson, W. M., and Joseph Hare, J. W. They leave Friday morning and will be absent about ten days.

The prairie zephyrs came to town last evening and had a little fun with the dust. They howled at the way the dust waltzed about the streets, into stores and into everybody's eyes. It was probably amusement for the breezes, but it was hail to those of our citizens caught out.

Mr. R. Herd, of Butler county, Iowa, has sold his celebrated stock horse known as "Grey Eagle" to Ida Lewis, of this city. This horse has taken many first premiums at Kansas fairs, and also several purses on the track. It is one of the best steeds ever in this section.

Mr. J. K. Wetherby leaves the first of next month for an extended trip east for his health. Until that time he will sell considerable of his valuable residence and business property at a low figure. He sold several lots yesterday near the Episcopal church and green houses.

The types many times go astray like other things. They made us say yesterday morning that the fine animal recently disposed of by M. Eppinger had been purchased by Mrs. Baker. It was written "Mr." The error must be attributed to the types, not to the printer nor proof reader.

Several Bismarck citizens have purchased railroad lands during the past few days of B. D. Willcox, at the North Pacific land office. The price is $4 per acre, payable in the bonds of the company. Those who want lands should buy early. Some of the choicest in the county remain unsold.

If anyone has any doubt of the richness of the soil of the Missouri slope, all he has to do is to take a spade and examine it, and if he has any doubt of the climate and rainfall, he can satisfy himself by visiting the United States signal office in this city, where the records have been kept for eight years.

Major Fuller, the posey man, has ordered pipe for another green house, seventy feet in length. The additional house will be located on the east side of the two he already has in operation. The increase in his business demands this new improvement. His sales during the past twenty days have netted him over $400.

The rainfall in this section is abundant. Since January 1st the fall has been 10.77 inches. Last month (May) the fall was 3.46 inches. The same month last year there was a fall of but 2.27—showing an increase of 1.19 inches over last season. Last July the fall was 4.11. It will be observed that the rain fall in this country just when it is most needed.

The household goods of Lieut. Squires arrived from New York last week, all the way by express. The wife of the lieutenant being a daughter of Fargo, the deceased United States express man, of course the goods came free as far as Fargo, where the North Pacific express company took charge. From Fargo to Bismarck, however, the express charges were over $200.

We don't know much—in fact don't know anything—about moving buildings, yet it seems to us that the Sig Hanauer building ought to have been wheeled from its former foundation from the rear and rolled backwards into position. This would have necessitated only one turn and taken home by a shorter route.

Bly & Thompson will erect a coal office in a few days on the railroad right of way, on the ground recently vacated by Frank Donnelly. The officers of the road wish it distinctly understood that this business is in connection with the business of the road, and that the right of way can be properly used for railroad purposes.

Jake Hanauer's horse speculation has turned out about like the man who traded his watch for a brace of $25 pups and then killed the curs. He purchased a trotting horse recently, but getting passed on the road by every plug, yesterday traded the flyer for two Indian ponies, and now can't sell them for half what his high stepper cost him.

M. Eppinger has another horse and is accordingly happy. It's a high headed animal, a regular peacock and he has a remarkable peculiarity in that he trots and walks at the same time—two gaits in one. While moving slow he trots in front and walks behind. His behind legs seem to be lazy. But he is regarded as a valuable flyer on account of this peculiarity.

One of those peculiar fish that are found in every community, wrapped the lines of his team around the wagon hub, opposite the TRIBUNE office at dark last evening. Of course he succeeded in producing the inevitable result. The animals backed. One was thrown to the ground. A man who will do such a fool trick should be prohibited by law from ever owning or driving a team.

Only twelve years ago Capt Raymond, of the Bismarck National Bank, and Mr. Hubbard, of Fargo, were offered the land about Fargo as far as the eye could reach for thirty-five cents an acre. They laughed at the idea of trying to develop Dakota soil. They do not laugh now, but would like to know how much they would have been worth today, had they taken advantage of the offer.

At the drug store of W. A. Hollembaek may be seen a photograph of Lieutenants Kislingbury and Lockwood, now on their way to meet with DeLong's fate in the polar regions. The photograph was taken in the Northern Ice Pack in latitude 81 deg. 35 min. north, August 5, 1881. The scene is certainly a cold one. Dressed in bearskins and drinking oil like an Esquimaux is not a very desirable way to live, yet it seems to have charms for these officers.

All branches of trade are good. Beal, the hardware man, has done a rushing business ever since he opened up. His sales last month were considerably over $3,500. The beauty of trade in this country is that it is nearly all cash, or as good as cash. A leading wholesale grocer stated recently that his losses were not over $300 a year. Not another city in the west can show such a record. This same grocer's trade now averages $600 a day.

The postoffice store front has attracted much attention during the past few days. It is taking to the eye, and very neat but not gaudy, as the monkey said. The design was originated by the La Shells Bros., the proprietors of the news and cigar stand, who conduct their business within. These young men have one of the largest news stands in Dakota and are doing a driving business. All the latest pictorial and news papers and periodicals can be found on their counters, also the choicest cigars.

Wednesday, in compliance to an urgent request, several of Mrs. C. B. Holmes' crayon pieces were taken over to Mandan for exhibition. Mrs. Holmes is an artist of high culture and skill and her work has taken many first prizes. Those desiring crayon work done can be accommodated, at least until the weather becomes too warm. The Mandan paper in speaking of the crayon work of Mrs. Holmes says: "By calling at the Inter-Ocean hotel our citizens may see some beautiful works of art executed by Mrs. C. B. Holmes, of Bismarck, formerly of Chicago. Mrs. Holmes has attained an excellent reputation as an artist, and any one wishing photographs enlarged in crayon will do well to see the pictures at the hotel. One of these is a crayon work of Pharaoh's three horses, the other is a laughing child, and both display well the artist's skill."

Mail to Villard.

A mail contract has been let from Turtle valley to Villard to B. Magoffin, of Dresden, Mo. Of course service can not be put on the route until a postoffice is established at Villard. The necessary blanks for this purpose have been secured at Bismarck.

Land Hunters.

Twelve land hunters in charge of B. D. Willcox leave for the Painted Woods region this morning. Ed. Sloan and Mr. Malloy furnish the teams in addition to the team furnished by Mr. Willcox. Mr. Holmes leaves by rail with another party for Kidder county. With such crops as we have this season to recommend our soil and climate there is no trouble to settle our agricultural lands.

A Prize Medal.

First Sergeant J. Hackett, company A seventh U. S. infantry, is in the city on his return from Fort Snelling where he received the third prize for army division marksmanship awarded Oct. 26, 1881. It is silver, weighing about five ounces, beautifully engraved. On one side is his name, rank and regiment and the time and place of contest. On the other appropriate designs, and a statement of the character of the prize. The sergeant is pretty proud of his medal. He leaves to-day for his station at Fort Buford.

Our Road From Davenport.

The road to be run from Davenport, Iowa, to Bismarck, mention of which has been heretofore made by the TRIBUNE, is taking shape. This information is given on the authority of the following item from the Yankton Press of the 2d inst:

"Articles of incorporation of the Davenport, Iowa & Dakota railway, capital $8,000,000, have been filed with the secretary of state of Iowa. The supposition is that this road is to run from Davenport to Bismarck. An air line route would take it through Watertown, but if it is the design, as has been intimated, to make it a Missouri river road, its natural course would be via Yankton.

The Collar Mine Sold.

When Fred. T. Evans, the big freighter who has the contract for the wagon transportation of all the government freight in Dakota and Montana, who had just returned from Maiden, was in Bismarck last week he informed the TRIBUNE that the Collar mine had been sold for $30,000. This sale he regarded as very cheap. Now comes the Benton Record and corroborates Mr. Evans' statement in the subjoined article:

"The sale of the Collar, the principal mine in the Warm Spring district is reported. Its purchasers are the Homestake mining company, of Deadwood, and the terms of the sale are as follows:

The Homestake company agrees to pay to the five original owners the sum of $30,000; it agrees to erect a stamp mill and hoisting works to cost not less than $70,000, and give the original owners one-half interest in the same, and also to stock the mines for $600,000. Of this amount of stock the company is to retain one-half and give the other half to Messrs. Snow, Kemper, McPartlan, Irvine and Bassey, who sell the mine.

This sale to one of the best known mining companies in the world is of the greatest importance to the whole mining country about Maginnis. That a company as shrewd and careful in its investments as the Homestake is, should identify itself with the camp, determines an influx of other capital into that country, and the rapid development of a richer mining region than the world has ever yet known. The mines are there, and the capital for working them will come the quicker now that the Homestake company with its prestige of name, fame and boundless wealth, has led the way into the camp."

Maginnis Placer Mines.

The placer mines in the Maginnis country near Maiden, have not been regarded with much favor for the simple reason they had never been worked until this spring. Reports of their clean-ups are just coming in, and show the gravel to be wonderfully rich in the yellow lucre. The Benton Record of recent date says:

Some twenty-five placer claims in Maiden, Ruby, Alpine and other gulches are being worked at present with excellent results. Heavy rains and melting snow supply an abundance of water, and from five to forty dollars to the man per day, are being taken out in gold. One informant mentions the fact that Pike Landusky, on Thursday, cleaned up a five days run and took out forty-two ounces of gold as the result of four men's labor. A Scotchman working a "lazy man's claim" (diggings where it is only two or two and a half feet to bed rock) shoveled in three days into the sluice boxes exactly $456. The gold is coarse and large nuggets are frequently found. Very few of the claims where the distance to bed rock is above fifteen feet have been worked.

Are We Going to Celebrate?

Meetings are being held in many towns all over Dakota, with reference to the celebration of the Fourth of July, and a majority have already perfected their programmes. But here in Bismarck, the metropolis for a vast region of country, the subject is not even referred to by those who should boom it. This means one of two things: a lack of patriotism or an injurious indifference to the welfare of Bismarck. We have all the elements here for a successful celebration but we seem to lack the enterprise. It is high time that something was being done at once if it is the intention of our citizens to generally observe our national holiday. If the matter is longer deferred nothing but a hap-hazard "blowout" could be had. An attractive programme can be gotten up and hundreds of people from far and near would come in and see the sights. The programme should be perfected without delay and sent abroad to the tributary towns and settlements in order that the people could make their arrangements to come in and "see the elephant." Hundreds would flock here and the receipts of our tradesmen, hotel keepers, places of amusement, etc., would be sufficiently augmented to enable them to contribute liberally to a 4th of July fund. There will be exciting and interesting races at the track on that day, and many other attractive entertainments could be arranged if the matter is tackled in time. Even aside of any pecuniary gain that would come from the celebration, Bismarck ought to demonstrate to those in outlying towns and settlements who depend upon her for the luxuries and necessaries of life, that she can also furnish them amusement as well as supply their demands in other respects. In addition to this she ought to celebrate to show the outside world that she is behind in nothing. Let us celebrate.

Purely Personal.

H. J. Carpenter, Junction City, M. T., is at the Western House.

W. C. Badger and Fred Whittier, of Badger, are at the Sheridan.

Mrs. Thomas McGowan, who has been ill some weeks, is no better.

Warren Carpenter, of Mandan, was visiting Bismarck friends yesterday.

Rev. J. G. Miller has arranged to hold services at Mandan Sunday evenings.

Don Stevenson was among the prominent grangers at the Merchants yesterday.

Burt Clough, Dickinson, and A. B. Strickler, Mandan Lakes, are at the Custer.

Capt. McCormack, of Grand Forks, urges Alex. McKenzie, of Bismarck, for congress.

Rod Smith, formerly night clerk, and later glass juggler at the Merchants, returned from a St. Paul visit last evening.

Among the arrivals at the Sheridan last evening were the following: Paul McCormack, Junction City, M. T.; S. D. Marion, Chicago; B. W. Jacobs, St. Paul; D. M. G. Murphy, St. Paul; Chas. H. Tonzaline, Chicago; A. H. Scole, Chicago; E. M. Booth and J. S. Barbour, Marietta, O.; A. W. Hall, Hudson, Wis.; J. F. Devlin, St. Paul; A. Matson, Prescott, Wis.; J. Paris, Minneapolis.

Major R. R. Marsh, of the Merchants, who has been down farming on his ranch near Clarke for the past few days, returned last night. He informed us that a drenching rain storm visited that section early in the evening. In substantiation of his assertion, he presented himself. The proof was positive. At the sixteenth siding the storm was the heaviest ever experienced there.

Rev. J. M. Bull has received a call from a church near Springfield, Mass., and now has the call under advisement. Col. Bull has done most excellent service at Bismarck, and our citizens will regret his departure exceedingly should a sense of duty to himself or the church call him elsewhere. He is not only eloquent, but earnest and pure hearted, and has done a wonderful amount of good in this community.

Brave Bear Must Hang.

James A. Emmons of this city is surely a friend to the red men. They have probably never made a raid on his hair. During the past few days he has been quietly circulating a petition to Gov. Ordway, asking the commutation of the sentence of Brave Bear from death to life imprisonment. Mr. Emmons has performed this act in the best of spirit, but we doubt that old Bear, the most wilful and bloody savage among the Sioux, will thank him for his kindly office in the premises, because an Indian would prefer death to restrainment. The reds can not stand confinement, and especially this villain, who was even an outcast from his band because of his disposition to roam the prairies, committing rapine and murder upon every favorable opportunity. The blood of many white men, women and children stain his ruthless hands. He murdered an entire family, including mother and several children, in Pembina county some years ago, and that, too, after receiving their hospitality. It would be a disgrace upon the laws of our country to commute the sentence of the dastardly brute. On the contrary he should be hung higher than Haman.

When There's a Will There's a Way.

Any one who has the will to try THOMAS' ELECTRIC OIL will surely find the way to robust health, in cases of bronchial affections, sore throat, pains, etc., and as an internal remedy it is invaluable.

Freeman P. Lane Minneapolis, Minn., says: "Two months ago one of my horses was badly kicked on the hip and the flesh torn away so that the bone could be seen. I used Cole's Veterinary Carbolisalve constantly, and to-day it is as well as ever. Another good point about it is that no scar is left."

No matter what the mouth's disease—
How foul the breath or teeth's decay—
With SOZODONT on all we seize,
And swiftly sweep it far away,
Leaving the gums pure, firm and bright,
And the dull teeth as ivory white.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

On Monday night, May 5th, from Mandan lake, Mercer county, D. T., one iron gray mare pony with sorrel colt; also a bay pony, left eye blind, one white hind foot. A reward of $25 will be paid for the return of the above described property to A. B. Strickler, Mandan lake. Information by mail should be addressed to Turtle Valley. 49-51-w

IMPORTANT!

TO

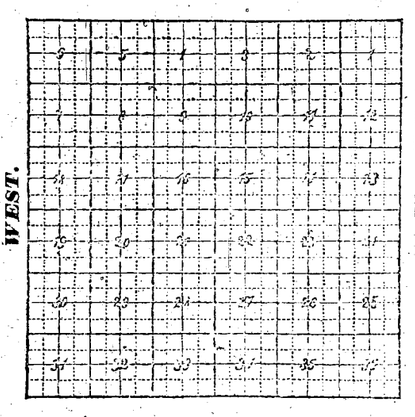
Real Estate Dealers, Farmers and Others.

Farmers should carry in their pockets a township plat, showing who owns the land adjoining them, and for other important reasons, as relative distance to railroad, location of roads, etc. Streams and hills can be marked on the plat, and a complete map made.

Real estate dealers should send a plat in answer to every inquiry about certain townships, marking what is taken, and giving a birdseye view of surrounding tracts of land.

Section..... Township..... Range.....

NORTH.



WEST.

SOUTH.

Send Ten Cents

To the TRIBUNE, Bismarck, and get one dozen of the above plats, printed on hard paper. Size of plat, 6x6, or four times the size of the above.

THE

IMPERISHABLE

PERFUME

Murray & Lanman's

FLORIDA WATER,

Best for TOILET, BATH and HANDKERCHIEF.

NOTICE!

Farmers and others desiring to obtain the service of laborers and mechanics are invited to notify me of their wants. I am in communication with emigrant aid societies in New York, and will be glad to forward to them any applications for help that may be sent to me.

R. M. NEWPORT,
Gen. Land Agt. N. P. R. R.,
St. Paul. Minn.

SHIRT MANUFACTORY.

—MRS. M. J. COOPER—

All orders will receive prompt attention.

Next door east of Strauss Jewelry Store.

TO STEAMBOATMEN.

I have on hand and for sale

Baled Hay, Ice, Cordwood and Fresh Beef, at Wolf Point, M. T.

CHAS. ANTONY.

45th

Popular Monthly Drawidg of the

COMMONWEALTH DISTRIBUTION CO.

In the City of Louisville, on

Friday, June 30, 1882.

These drawings occur monthly [Sundays excepted] under provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of Kentucky.

The United States Circuit Court on March 31st endered the following decisions:

1st—That the Commonwealth Distribution Company is legal.

2d—Its drawings are not fraudulent.

The Company has now on hand a large reserve fund. Read the list of prizes for the

JUNE DRAWING.

1 Prize.....	$30,000	100 Prizes $100 ea	$10,000
1 Prize.....	10,000	200 Prizes 50 ea	10,000
1 Prize.....	5,000	600 Prizes 20 ea	12,000
10 Pri's $1,000 ea	10,000	1,000 Prices 10 ea	10,000
20 Prizes 500 ea	10,000		
9 Prizes $300 ea. Approximatition Prizes			2,700
9 Prizes 200 ea. " "			1,800
8 Prizes 100 ea. " "			900
1,960 Prizes,			$112,400

Whole Tickets, $2. Half Tickets, $1.
27 Tickets, $50. 55 Tickets, $100.

Remit Money or Bank Draft in Letter, or send by Express. DON'T SEND BY REGISTERED LETTER OR POSTOFFICE ORDER. Orders of $5 and upwards, by Express, can be sent at our expense. Address all orders to R. M. Boardman, Courier Journal Building, Louisville, Ky., or R. M. Boardman, 309 Broadway, New York.

WOODS' CORD BINDERS

—AND—

MOWERS.

For sale by S. B. Lawrence. All machines warranted to work well. Will sell for as little money as any first-class machine. A general stock of repairs on hand. Farmers instructed so that they can operate the machines without difficulty.

Office at residence,

Cor. Fifth and C St. 6 9-2m

Stationery!

Periodicals. La Shells Bros.' Postoffice News Depot. Confectionery.

Any and everything in the way of reading matter can be found here. Steamboat trade supplied.

Tobacco & Cigars.

New Blacksmith & Wagon Shop,

Cor. Fourth and Thayer Sts.

Horseshoeine and general jobbing done with neatness and dispatch.

ALEX. DUNCAN, Proprietor.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by H. M. Mixter and Martha A. Mixter, his wife, mortgagees, to H. E. Fletcher, mortgagor, dated the first day of October, A. D. eighteen hundred and eighty-one, and recorded as a mortgage in the office of the register of deeds, of the county of Burleigh, in the territory of Dakota, on the 24th day of January, A. D. 1882, at 4 o'clock p. m., in book A2 of mortgages, on pages 218 and 219, on which there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, the amount of eight hundred thirty-two and 75-100 ($832.75) dollars, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof. Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, which sale will be made at the front door of the court house, in the city of Bismarck, in the county of Burleigh, and territory of Dakota, at public auction by the sheriff of said county, or by his deputy, on Tuesday, the 25th day of July, A. D. eighteen hundred and eighty-two, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with the interest thereon, and costs and expenses of sale, and seventy ($70) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure; the premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are the lot, piece or parcel of land situated in the county of Burleigh and territory of Dakota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of section fourteen (14), in township one hundred and thirty-nine (139) north, of range eighty (80) west, and containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, according to the United States government survey thereof.

Dated, June 2th, 1882.

H. E. FLETCHER, Mortgagee.

SPAULDING & TEMPLETON, Attorneys for Mortgagee, Fargo, D. T. 1-7

Probate Notice.

TERRITORY OF DAKOTA—County of Burleigh—In Probate Court—In the matter of the estate of Mary McGowan, deceased. Notice is hereby given that Thomas McGowan has filed with the Judge of this court, a petition, praying for letters of administration of the estate of Mary McGowan, deceased, and that Saturday, the 24th day of June, 1882, at ten o'clock a. m. of said day, being a day of a special term of this court, at the court house in the city of Bismarck, county of Burleigh, has been set for hearing said petition, when and where any person interested may appear and show cause why the said petition should not be granted.

Dated, June 5th, 1882.

1-3 E. N. COREY, Probate Judge.

Notice of Final Proof.

LAND OFFICE at Bismarck, D. T., May 13, 1882.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and secure final entry thereof at this office at 11 a. m., on the 27th day of June, 1882, viz.:

Jeremiah Duane,

D. S., No. 377, filed March 17, 1881, alleging settlement the same day, for the northeast quarter, section 10, township 140 north, range 80 west, and names the following as his witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said tract, viz.: John Waldron, Ed. Hackett, William Franklin and Frank Miller, all of Burleigh county; postoffice address, Bismarck, D.T.

50-2 JOHN A. REA, Register.

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